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TOKYO TROPOLITAN AREA MID-SIZED



KENEDIX Real Estate Fund Management, INC. http://www.kdx-reit.com/eng/

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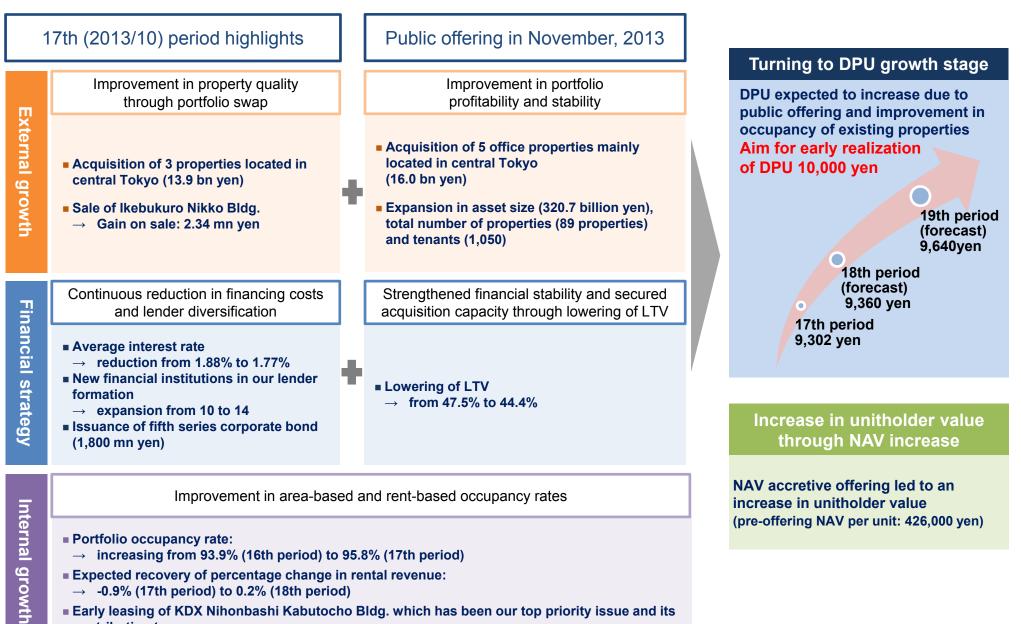
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Section 1 Executive summary / highlights

Highlight of 17th period (2013/10) and public offering



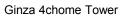


- Expected recovery of percentage change in rental revenue:
- \rightarrow -0.9% (17th period) to 0.2% (18th period)
- Early leasing of KDX Nihonbashi Kabutocho Bldg. which has been our top priority issue and its contribution to revenue

Public offering summary



	Summary of 5th public offering	Properties acquired in connection with public offering
	Clobal affaring	Acquired 5 highly competitive mid-sized properties located in central Tol within the Tokyo metropolitan area in connection with public offering
Offering structure	Global offering (Japanese offering + Reg.S + 144A)	A-89Office buildingA-90Office buildingA-91Office buildingSIA Takanawadai BuildingIkebukuro 261 BuildingDNI Mita Building
Launch date	October 24, 2013	
Pricing date	November 6, 2013	
Payment date	Public offering: November 13, 2013 Over-allotment ("OA"): December 10, 2013	
Units outstanding	286,550 units (as of launch date)	Toshima ward lkebukuro Central 5 Wards of Tokyo Bunkyo Taito ward A-92 Office building A-21 Office build
Newly issued units	45,990 units (incl. OA options of 2,190 units) (16.0% of units outstanding)	Central 5 Wards of Tokyo Ward Nakano ward Asso Khinjuku Ward Asso A-21 Office building Akihabara SF Building Akihabara SF Building Asso A-21 Office building A-21 Office building Additional acquisition)
Units outstanding after issuance of new units	332,540 units	Shinjuku Chiyoda ward Tokyo Chuo ward Shibuya ward A21 Ginza Minato ward Shimbashi
Offer price	430,950 yen	A-91 Tamachi Meguro ward
Issue price	415,480 yen	Meguro Shinagawa
Total issue price	19,107 mn yen	Properties acquired in the 17th period A-87 Office building A-88 Office building C-4 Central urban retail
		Itopia Nihonbashi SA Building Welship Higashi-Shinjuku Ginza 4chome Tower





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		16th (2013/4) period		Properties acquired after 17th (2013/10) period		After public offering
	Number of properties	82 properties		8 properties		89 properties
Improving portfolio profitability (Note 1)Total acquisition priceAverage NOI yield (after depreciation)Average NOI yield 	Total acquisition price	290.9 bn yen		29.8 bn yen 5.1%		320.7 bn yen
	4.2%		4.3%			
		3.1%		4.3%		3.2%
	Occupancy rate	93.8%		95.1%		94.1%
	Number of tenants	991		63		1,050
Strengthening financial stability	LTV	46.2%				44.4%
and securing acquisition capacity (Note 2)	NAV per unit (Note 3)	426,000 yen				435,000 yen

Notes:

 Average NOI yield and average NOI yield after depreciation are as of the end of the fiscal period for the 16th (2013/4) period and, for the properties acquired after the 17th period, are based on appraisal NOI included in the relevant appraisal report at the time of acquisition. Occupancy rate and number of tenants are as of the end of fiscal period for the 16th (2013/4) period and are as of July 31, 2013 for the properties acquired after the 17th period. For the calculation of a number of properties after the 5th public offering, KDX Shinbashi is counted as one for both existing portion and additional acquisition of compartmentalized portion.
 Figures are estimates calculated based on relevant numbers as of the end of the fiscal period for the 16th (2013/4) period and as of December 10, 2013 for the properties acquired after the 17th period.

3. NAV per unit is calculated by subtracting the amount of DPU and is truncated to the nearest thousand yen. For NAV per unit after public offering, figures are estimates which are calculated by subtracting the amount of DPU for the 17th fiscal period.

Future measures and DPU level



	Future measures			H	listorical p	erformand	e and fo	recast of	DPU	
	Continuous focus on mid-sized office properties located in the Tokyo	(yen) 10,000							Aim for e realizatio	-
	metropolitan area	10,000	9,596	0.264	9,557	9,434	9,302	9,360	9,640	
External	Increase in DPU through the effective use of property acquisition capacity which is secured through public offering	9,000	845	9,364 499	601	569	239	3,300		
growth	 Property acquisitions using our multiple pipelines including our proprietary network and co-investment with the sponsor 							9,360	9,640	10,000
1	Property dispositions with adequate timing		8,751	8,865	8,956	8,865	9,063	0,000		
		7,000							_	
	 Improvement in rental conditions (rent- free period, asking rent and renewed rent levels) 	6,000						,	, ,	
Internal F growth h	Revenue contribution of KDX Nihonbashi Kabutocho Bldg. and leasing of KDX Shinbashi Bldg.		•	<i>,</i> , ,	15th period (2012/10) PU (forecas	. ,	. ,	. ,	19th period (2014/10) sale of properties	(actual)(Note)
	Maintain and improve customer satisfaction based on the 5th CS	provi	ision/reversal		or reduction en				ed on disposition of pr e end of each fiscal pe	
	(Customer Satisfaction) survey			Cł	nanges in r	eserve for	reductior	n entry (No	te 1, 2)	
measures for interest co	Increase in DPU as a result of continuous				h period 2012/4)	15th peri (2012/10		6th period (2013/4)	17th period (2013/10)	18th period (2014/4)
	 measures for interest cost reduction Measures against potential risk of interest rate hike (Fixing interest rate and extending borrowing term) 	redu	eserve for uction entry iillion yen)	,	225		497	795	961	961
strategy		Reserv	e for reduct try per unit (yen)	tion	785		1,734	2,777	3,356	2,892
	Diversification of maturity			allocation to t		eduction entry	indicated on	"Basis for cald	ance sheet as of the er culating cash distributio	

Reserve for reduction entry. Figures are truncated to the nearest million yen.
 Reserve for reduction entry per unit is calculated by dividing the reserve for reduction entry by total units outstanding as of the end of each fiscal period (an estimate is used for the 18th (2014/4) period).

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Section 2 17th (2013/10) period results and earning forecasts

17th period (2013/10) financial results: performance highlights KEN

Hems 16th period Providends 17th period Artual 17th period Process (Sep 11) 17th period Process (Sep 11) 17th period Prod (Security) Comparison Changes (security) Properating revenue: 48mn yen Comparison Changes Period (Security) Providends Period (Security) Providend (Security) Period (Security) Providend (Security) Period (Security) Providend (Security) Period (Security)				(Unit	t: million yen)	
Operating revenue 9,867 9,753 9,819 -48 65 Gain on sale of real estate properties 462 234 227 0 Dividends 99 84 82 -16 -11 Operating expense 5,465 5,516 5,578 112 61 Operating income 4,401 4,236 4,240 -160 -41 Non-operating income 2 4 2 0 -1 Non-operating income 2 4 2 0 -1 Non-operating spense 1,400 1,400 9 2 Ordinary income 3,003 2,833 2,832 -170 00 Net income 3,002 2,832 2,831 -170 0 Distributions per unit 9,434 yen 9,300 yen 9,302 yen -132 yen 2 yen Total distributions 2,703 2,664 2,665 -37 0 Distributions per unit 9,420 286,550 units 286,550 un	Items	16th period 17th period Apr, 2013 Oct, 2013 Actual Forecast	Oct, 2013	17th period (actual) vs 16th period (actual) Comparison	17th period (actual) vs 17th period (forecast) Comparison	Operating revenue: -48mn yen • Utilities +170mn yen • Rent/Common area charge +19mn yen (Properties acquired in the 17th period +151, properties acquired in the 16th
real estate properties 462 234 234 -227 0 Dividends 99 84 82 -16 -1 Operating expense 5,465 5,516 5,578 112 61 Operating income 4,401 4,236 4,240 -160 4 Non-operating income 2 4 2 0 -1 Non-operating expense 1,400 1,406 1,409 9 2 Ordinary income 3,003 2,833 2,832 -170 0 Net income 3,002 2,832 2,831 -170 0 Provision of reserve for reduction entry 298 165 165 -133 0 Total distributions 2,703 2,664 2,665 -37 0 Distributions per unit 9,434 yen 9,300 yen 9,302 yen -132 yen 2 yen FFO 4,202 4,285 6,357 6,352 124 -4 FFO 4,202 4,285 124 -4 FFO 4,202 1,688 1	Operating revenue		3 9,819	-48	65	period -81, existing properties -60)
Operating expense 5,465 5,516 5,578 112 61 Operating income 4,401 4,236 4,240 -160 4 Non-operating income 2 4 2 0 -1 Non-operating expense 1,400 1,406 1,409 9 2 Ordinary income 3,003 2,833 2,832 -170 0 Net income 3,002 2,832 2,831 -170 0 Provision of reserve for reduction entry 298 165 165 -133 0 Total distributions 2,703 2,664 2,665 -37 0 Distributions per unit 9,434 yen 9,300 yen 9,302 yen -132 yen 2 yen Total units outstanding 286,550 units 286,550 units 286,550 units 286,550 units 0 units 0 units 0 units FFO 4,202 4,285 4,293 1 7 Using time of properties 85 properties 2 properties 0 properties <th></th> <th>462 23</th> <th>4 234</th> <th>-227</th> <th>0</th> <th>(16th period: Kanazawa Nikko Bldg80, KDX Yotsuya Bldg381)</th>		462 23	4 234	-227	0	(16th period: Kanazawa Nikko Bldg80, KDX Yotsuya Bldg381)
Operating expense0,0103,0103,01011201Operating income4,4014,2364,240-1604Non-operating income2420-1Non-operating expense1,4001,4061,40992Ordinary income3,0032,8332,832-1700Net income3,0022,8322,831-1700Provision of reserve for reduction entry298165165-1330Total distributions2,7032,6642,665-370Distributions per unit9,434 yen9,300 yen9,302 yen-132 yen2 yenTotal units outstanding286,550 units286,550 units0 units0 units0 unitsFFO4,2024,2854,293917FFO4,2021,6881,696348Number of properties85 properties85 properties2 properties0 propertiesNumber of properties85 properties85 properties2 properties0 properties	Dividends	99 8	4 82	-16	-1	
Operating income4,4014,2364,240-1604Non-operating income2420-1Non-operating expense1,4001,4061,40992Ordinary income3,0032,8332,832-1700Net income3,0022,8322,831-1700Provision of reserve for reduction entry298165165-1330Total distributions2,7032,6642,665-3770Distributions per unit9,434 yen9,300 yen9,302 yen2132 yen2 yenTotal units outstanding286,550 units286,550 units286,550 units0 units0 unitsFFO4,2024,2854,293917FFO4,2024,2854,293917Number of properties85 properties85 properties2 properties0 propertiesNumber of properties83 properties85 properties2 properties0 properties	Operating expense	5,465 5,51	6 5,578	112	61	
Non-operating income2420-1Non-operating expense1,4001,4061,40992Ordinary income3,0032,8332,832-1700Net income3,0022,8322,831-1700Net income3,0022,8322,831-1700Provision of reserve for reduction entry298165165-1330Total distributions2,7032,6642,665-370Distributions per unit9,434 yen9,300 yen9,302 yen-132 yen2 yenTotal units outstanding286,550 units286,550 units0 units0 units0 unitsLeasing NOI6,2286,3576,352124-4FFO4,2024,2854,293917Depreciation1,6621,6881,696348Number of properties83 properties85 properties85 properties9 properties	Operating income	4,401 4,23	6 4,240	-160	4	
Non-operating expense1,4001,4061,40992Ordinary income3,0032,8332,832-1700Net income3,0022,8322,831-1700Net income3,0022,8322,831-1700Provision of reserve for reduction entry298165165-1330Total distributions2,7032,6642,665-370Distributions per unit9,434 yen9,300 yen9,302 yen-132 yen2 yenTotal units outstanding286,550 units286,550 units286,550 units0 units0 unitsFFO4,2024,2854,293917Depreciation1,6621,6881,696348Number of properties83 properties85 properties2 properties0 propertiesNumber of properties83 properties85 properties2 properties0 properties	Non-operating income	2	4 2	0	-1	
Net income 3,002 2,832 2,831 -170 0 Provision of reserve for reduction entry 298 165 165 -133 0 Total distributions 2,703 2,664 2,665 -37 0 Distributions per unit 9,434 yen 9,300 yen 9,302 yen -132 yen 2 yen Total units outstanding 286,550 units 286,550 units 0 units 0 units 0 units Leasing NOI 6,228 6,357 6,352 124 -4 FFO 4,202 4,285 4,293 91 7 Depreciation 1,662 1,688 1,696 34 8 Number of properties 83 properties 85 properties 2 properties 0 properties 0 properties	Non-operating expense	1,400 1,40	6 1,409	9	2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Net income3,0022,8322,831-1700Provision of reserve for reduction entry298165165-1330Total distributions2,7032,6642,665-3770Distributions per unit9,434 yen9,300 yen9,302 yen-132 yen2 yenTotal units outstanding286,550 units286,550 units286,550 units2 gen0 units0 unitsLeasing NOI6,2286,3576,352124-4FFO4,2024,2854,293917Depreciation1,6621,6881,696348Number of properties83 properties85 properties2 properties0 propertiesNumber of properties83 properties85 properties2 properties0 properties	Ordinary income	3,003 2,83	3 2,832	-170	0	(KDX Nihonbashi Kabutocho Bldg -79, KDX Nagoya Ekimae -44 etc.)
Provision of reserve for reduction entry298165165-1330Total distributions2,7032,6642,665-370Distributions per unit9,434 yen9,300 yen9,302 yen-132 yen2 yenTotal units outstanding286,550 units286,550 units0 units0 units0 unitsLeasing NOI6,2286,3576,352124-4FFO4,2024,2854,293917Depreciation1,6621,6881,696348Number of properties83 properties85 properties2 properties0 properties	Net income	3,002 2,83	2 2,831	-170	0	
Provision of reserve for reduction entry298165165-1330Total distributions2,7032,6642,665-370Distributions per unit9,434 yen9,300 yen9,302 yen-132 yen2 yenTotal units outstanding286,550 units286,550 units286,550 units0 units0 unitsLeasing NOI6,2286,3576,352124-4FFO4,2024,2854,293917Depreciation1,6621,6881,696348Number of properties83 properties85 properties2 properties0 properties						
Total distributions2,7032,6642,665-370Distributions per unit9,434 yen9,300 yen9,302 yen-132 yen2 yenTotal units outstanding286,550 units286,550 units0 units0 units0 unitsLeasing NOI6,2286,3576,352124-4FFO4,2024,2854,293917Depreciation1,6621,6881,696348Number of properties83 properties85 properties85 properties2 properties0 properties		298 16	5 165	-133	0	(Properties acquired in the 17th period +24, properties acquired in the 16th
Distributions per unit 9,434 yen 9,300 yen 9,302 yen -132 yen 2 yen Total units outstanding 286,550 units 286,550 units 286,550 units 0 units 0 units 0 units Leasing NOI 6,228 6,357 6,352 124 -4 FFO 4,202 4,285 4,293 91 7 Depreciation 1,662 1,688 1,696 34 8 Number of properties 83 properties 85 properties 2 properties 0 properties 0 properties	Total distributions	2,703 2,66	4 2,665	-37	0	
Total units outstanding 286,550 units 286,550 units 0 units 0 units 0 units Leasing NOI 6,228 6,357 6,352 124 -4 FFO 4,202 4,285 4,293 91 7 Depreciation 1,662 1,688 1,696 34 8 Number of properties 83 properties 85 properties 2 properties 0 properties	Distributions per unit	9,434 yen 9,300 ye	n 9,302 yen	-132 yen	2 yen	
Leasing NOI 6,228 6,357 6,352 124 -4 FFO 4,202 4,285 4,293 91 7 Depreciation 1,662 1,688 1,696 34 8 Major changes in the 17th period (2013/10) in comparison with period (forecast)	Total units outstanding	286,550 units 286,550 uni	s 286,550 units	0 units	0 units	
FFO 4,202 4,285 4,293 91 7 Depreciation 1,662 1,688 1,696 34 8 Number of properties 83 properties 85 properties 2 properties 0 properties 0 properties						 Increase in interest expense/decrease in interest rate on borrowings
Depreciation 1,662 1,688 1,696 34 8 Number of properties 83 properties 85 properties 2 properties 0 properties 0 properties	Leasing NOI	6,228 6,35	7 6,352	124	-4	 Corporate bonds for acquisitions in the 17th period
Number of properties 83 properties 85 properties 2 properties 0 properties	FFO	4,202 4,28	5 4,293	91	7	
Number of properties 83 properties 85 properties 85 properties 2 properties 0 prope	Depreciation	1,662 1,68	8 1,696	34	8	Major changes in the 17th period (2013/10) in comparison with 17th
	Number of properties	83 properties 85 propertie	s 85 properties	2 properties	0 properties	
debt 142,369 - 150,558 8,189 • Utilities +54 mn yen		142,369	- 150,558	8,189		•Utilities +54 mn yen
LTV 46.2% - 47.5% 1.3% Operating expense: +61 mn yen •Utilities +76 mn yen	LTV	46.2%	- 47.5%	1.3%		
LTV 46.2% - 47.5% 1.3% • Utilities +76 mn yen End-of-period book value 290,593 - 302,127 11,534 • Other - 27 mn yen		290,593	- 302,127	11,534		Repair/maintenance +12 mn yen
End-of-period appraisal value 264,691 279,238 14,547 Other -27 mm yen (brokerage commission / advertising expenses -18 etc.)		264,691	- 279,238	14,547		
Net assets 150,653 - 150,781 128	Net assets	150,653	- 150,781	128		

Notes:

1. Leasing NOI = Operating revenues - Gain/sale on sale of real estate properties - Dividends income - Expense related to rental business (exd. Depreciation)

2 FFO (Funds From Operation) = Net income + Depreciation - Gain on sale of real estate properties + Loss on sales of real estate properties

18th period (2014/4) / 19th period (2014/10): earnings forecast KEN

					(Unit	: million yen)	
	Items	A 17th period Oct, 2013 Actual	B 18th period Apr, 2014 E Forecast (Oct 24)	C 19th period Oct, 2014 E Forecast (Oct 24)	B-A 18th period (forecast) vs 17th period (actual) Comparison Changes	C-B 19th period (forecast) vs 18th period (forecast) Comparison Changes	Major changes in the 18th period (2014/4) in comparison with 17th period (actual) Operating revenue: +358 mn yen • Utilities -72 mn yen • Rent/common area charge +691 mn yen (Properties acquired in the 17th/18th periods +671, existing/sold properties +20)
	Operating revenue	9,819	10,177	10,433	358	255	• Gain on sale of real estate property -234 mn yen
	Gain on sale of real estate properties	234	-		-234	_	(17th period: Ikebukuro Nikko Bldg234) •Dividend income -25 mn yen (TMK dividend -18, TK dividend -7)
	Dividends	82	57	50	-25	-7	Operating expense: +83 mn yen
	Operating expense	5,578	5,662	5,890	83	228	•Utilities -77 mn yen
	Operating income	4,240	4,515	4,543	274	27	•Building maintenance fee +52 mn yen (Properties acquired in the 17th/18th periods +64,
	Non-operating income	2	4	4	1	-	existing/sold properties -12)
۲L	Non-operating expense	1,409	1,405	1,339	-4	-65	Depreciation +84 mn yen
_	Ordinary income	2,832	3,114	3,207	281	93	(Mainly properties acquired in the 17th/18th period)
	Net income	2,831	3,112	3,206	281	93	Asset management fee +21 mn yen Non-operating expense: -4 mn yen
							•Decrease in interest rate -34 mn yen
	Provision of reserve for reduction entry	165	-		-165	-	•5th PO: amortization of investment unit issuance costs +30 mn yen
	Total distributions	2,665	3,112	3,205	447	93	
	Distributions per unit	9,302 yen	9,360 yen	9,640 yen	58 yen	280 yen	<u>Major changes in the 19th period (2014/10) in comparison with 19th period</u> (forecast)
	Total units outstanding	286,550 units	332,540 units	332,540 units	45,990 units	0 units	Operating revenue: +255 mn yen
							•Utilities +133 mn yen
5	Leasing NOI	6,352	7,008	7,072	655	64	•Rent/common area charge +131 mn yen (Properties acquired in the 17th/18th periods +82, existing properties +48)
ted	Leasing NOI FFO	4,293	4,894	4,992	600	98	•Dividend income -7 mn yen
Related	Depreciation	1,696	1,781	1,786	84	5	Operating expense: +228 mn yen
	Number of properties	85 properties	89 properties	89 properties	4 properties	0 properties	•Utilities +97 mn yen
	(reference) Estimated property and city planning tax	-	853	922			Building maintenance fee +20 mn yen Taxes +69 mn yen (Properties acquired in the 17th/18th periods) Asset management fee +29 mn yen
1.	otes: Leasing NOI = Operating reven related to rental business (exd.		on sale of real es	tate properties -	Dividends income	- Expense	Non-operating expense: -65 mn yen • Decrease in interest rate -46 mn yen

1. Leasing NOI = Operating revenues - Gain/sale on sale of real estate properties - Dividends income - Expense related to rental business (exd. Depreciation)

2 FFO (Funds From Operation) = Net income + Depreciation - Gain on sale of real estate properties + Loss on sales of real estate properties

•4th PO: Investment unit issuance costs fully amortized -18 mn yen

Section 3 External growth

Portfolio overview



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- Focus on mid-sized office buildings in the Tokyo metropolitan area
- Achieved asset size of 320.7 billion yen through acquisition of properties totaling 29.8 bn yen in the 17th period (2013/4) and in connection with public offering



Note: Figures are truncated to the nearest ¥100 million.

Notes:

1. After the public offering (As of December 10, 2013)

(Figures are truncated to the first decimal place).

2. Central Tokyo represents Chivoda, Chuo, Minato, Shibuya and Shinjuku wards.

Properties acquired in the 17th period (2013/10)



Properties acquired in the 17th period (2013/10)





Property name	Itopia Nihonbashi SA Building	Welship Higashi-Shinjuku	Ginza 4chome Tower	Total (3 properties)
Location	Chuo ward, Tokyo	Shinjuku ward, Tokyo	Chuo ward, Tokyo	_
Gross floor area	7,362.25m ²	5,907.00m ²	6,787.33m ²	20,056.58m [*]
Completion date	July, 1995	March, 1990	November, 2008	_
Occupancy rate (at the time of acquisition)(Note 1)	100.0%	90.2%	100.0%	_
Number of tenants (at the time of acquisition)(Note 1)	14	6	4	24
Acquisition price (A)	2,200 mn yen	1,900 mn yen	9,800 mn yen	13,900 mn yen
Appraisal value (at the time of acquisition)(B)	2,230 mn yen	2,140 mn yen	10,500 mn yen	14,870 mn yen
Difference between A and B ((A-B) / B)	-1.3%	-11.2%	-6.7%	-6.5%
Seller	Third party	Related party	Third party	_
Acquisition source	Support-line	Support-line	Support-line	-
Acquisition date	August 19, 2013	September 13, 2013	August 19, 2013	_
Projected NOI (Note 2)	134 mn yen	113 mn yen	399 mn yen	647 mn yen
NOI yield (Projected NOI / Acquisition price)	6.1%	6.0%	4.1%	4.7%
Appraisal NOI (Note 3)	122 mn yen	119 mn yen	428 mn yen	671 mn yen
Appraisal NOI yield (Appraisal NOI / Acquisition price)	5.6%	6.3%	4.4%	4.8%

Notes:

1. Occupancy rate and number of tenants are as of July 31, 2013 which were disclosed at the time of acquisition.

2. Projected NOI is an estimate for one year and is exclusive of extraordinary factors of the year of acquisition. Figures are truncated to the nearest million yen. Revenues are based on an expected occupancy rate which is based on the occupancy rate at the time of acquisition and any expected changes in occupancy. Expenses include property management fees, taxes and dues, repairs and maintenance expenses and insurance. Projected NOI yield is rounded to the first decimal place.

3. Appraisal NOI is the net operating income (annualized) calculated in the direct capitalization method included in the relevant appraisal report at the time of acquisition. Amounts are truncated to the nearest million yen and appraisal NOI yield is rounded to the first decimal place.

Properties acquired after public offering



	Properties acquired in connection with public offering						
Property name	SIA Takanawadai Building	Ikebukuro 261 Building	DNI Mita Building	Akihabara SF Building	KDX Shinbashi Building (additional portion)	Total (5 properties)	
Location	Minato ward, Tokyo	Toshima ward, Tokyo	Minato ward, Tokyo	Chiyoda ward, Tokyo	Minato ward, Tokyo	—	
Gross floor area	9,265.03m ²	3,848.18m ²	5,007.98m	2,979.14m ²	3,960.22 m ² (Note 4)	25,060.55m ²	
Completion date	October, 1985	March, 2009	March, 1993	December, 1973	February, 1992	_	
Occupancy rate (at the time of acquisition)(Note 1)	89.5%	100.0%	90.8%	100.0%	100.0% (Note 4)	_	
Number of end-tenants (at the time of acquisition)(Note 1)	8	10	10	8	2 (Note 4)	38	
Acquisition price (A)	5,250 mn yen	3,900 mn yen	3,180 mn yen	2,600 mn yen	1,038 mn yen	15,968 mn yen	
Appraisal value (at the time of acquisition)(B)	5,280 mn yen	4,180 mn yen	3,400 mn yen	2,710 mn yen	1,150 mn yen (Note 5)	16,720 mn yen	
Difference between A and B ((A-B) / B)	-0.6%	-6.7%	-6.5%	-4.1%	-9.7%	-4.5%	
Seller	Third party	Related party	Related party	Third party	Third party	_	
Acquisition source	Asset Manager's proprietary network	Support-line	Exercise of preferential negotiation right	Asset Manager's proprietary network	Asset Manager's proprietary network	_	
Acquisition date	November 19, 2013	November 18, 2013	November 18, 2013	November 19, 2013	December 2, 2013	_	
Projected NOI (Note 2)	265 mn yen	199 mn yen	165 mn yen	127 mn yen	51 mn yen	809 mn yen	
NOI yield (Projected NOI / Acquisition price)	5.0%	5.1%	5.2%	4.9%	5.0%	5.1%	
Appraisal NOI (Note 3)	283 mn yen	196 mn yen	173 mn yen	133 mn yen	57 mn yen	845 mn yen	
Appraisal NOI yield (Appraisal NOI / Acquisition price)	5.4%	5.0%	5.5%	5.1%	5.6%	5.3%	

Notes:

1. Occupancy rate and number of tenants for KDX Shinbashi Building are as of October 1, 2013 which were disclosed in the press release dated October 8, 2013. Occupancy rate and number of tenants for other 4 buildings are as of July 31, 2013 which were disclosed in the press release dated October 24, 2013.

2. Projected NOI is an estimate for one year and is exclusive of extraordinary factors of the year of acquisition. Figures are truncated to the nearest million yen. Revenues are based on an expected occupancy rate which is based on the occupancy rate at the time of acquisition and any expected changes in occupancy. Expenses include property management fees, taxes, repairs and maintenance expenses and insurance. Projected NOI yield is rounded to the first decimal place.

3. Appraisal NOI is the net operating income (annualized) calculated in the direct capitalization method included in the relevant appraisal report at the time of acquisition. Amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen and appraisal NOI yield is rounded to the first decimal place.

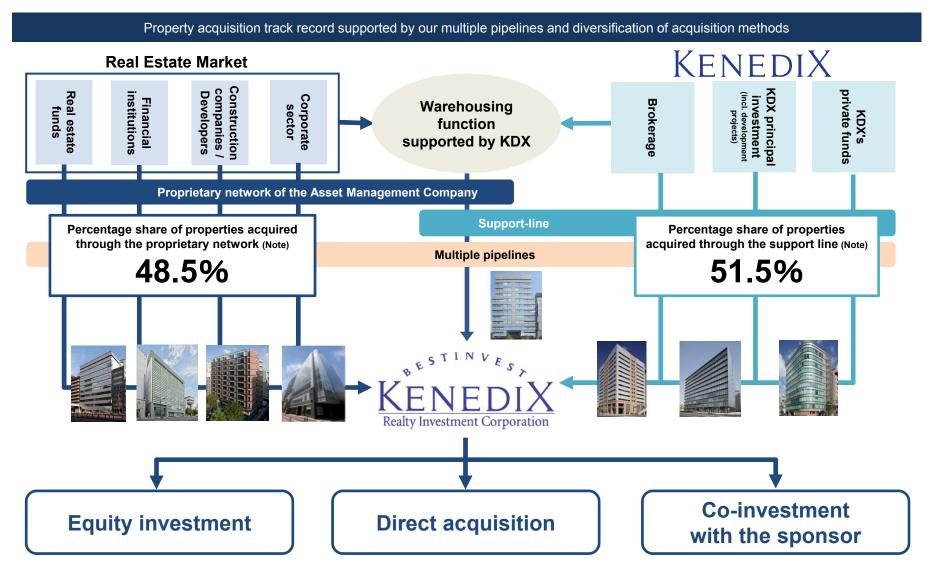
4. The area is for the entire property. Tenants for the additional portion are the Asset Management Company and Kenedix, Inc, the parent company of the Asset Management Company. Both companies terminated the lease contracts on November 30, 2013. The occupancy rate is 29.4% as of December 1, 2013.

5. The trust beneficiary interest purchase and sale agreement with the seller fall under the category of forward commitment by investment corporations as stipulated in the "Annual Supervisory Policies for Financial Instruments" Business Operators" determined by the Financial Services Agency of Japan and thus we have obtained the appraisal report as of the end of the 17th period (2013/10). The appraisal value as of the end of 17th period (2013/10) is same as that as of the acquisition date.

Property sourcing and acquisition methods



- Track record of property acquisition and our property sourcing network using multiple pipelines
- Flexibility for a wide variety of acquisition opportunities through our diversified acquisition methods



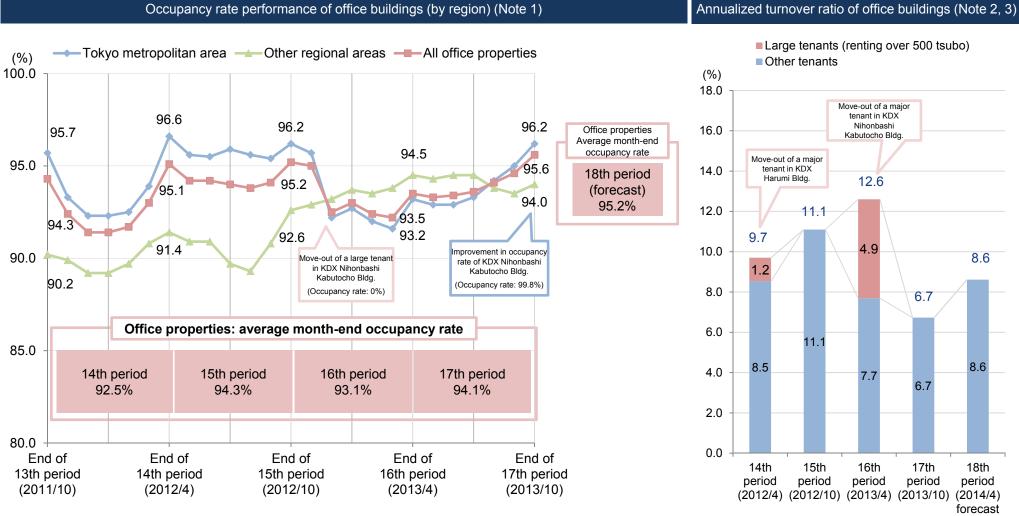
Note: Percentage share of properties is calculated based on acquisition prices of properties that are acquired between the 1st and 17th periods and after public offering.

Section 4 Internal growth

Occupancy rate / turnover ratio of KRI's office buildings



- Steady performance of occupancy rate aiming to improve rent conditions hereafter
- Continued downward trend in turnover ratio calming down for tenants excluding large tenants



Notes:

1. Occupancy rate is calculated by dividing leased area by leasable area and is rounded to the first decimal place. Average month-end occupancy rate of office properties is a simple average of monthly-end occupancy rates for each period. The forecast occupancy rate for the 18th period (2014/4) is calculated based on the Asset Management Company's earnings forecast for the 18th period.

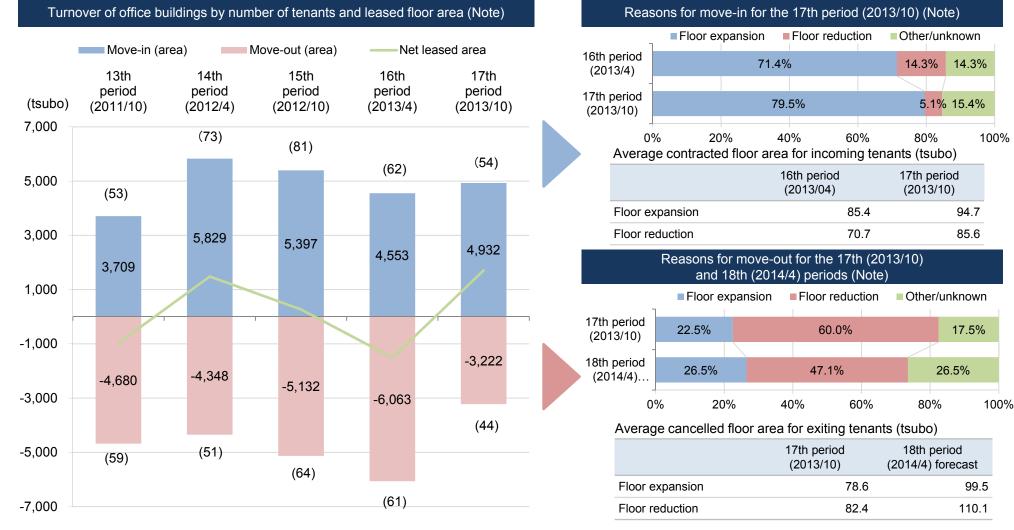
2. Annualized turnover ratio is calculated and annualized as follows: (total leasable area of the end-tenants who cancelled the lease agreement during the six-month period from the beginning to the end of each period) / (Average leasable area of all office buildings owned by KRI as of each month-end during the relevant period) x 2. Figure are rounded to the first decimal place.

3. The estimate for the 18th period (2014/4) is based on the cancellation notice received prior to the end of 17th period (2013/10). The turnover ratio is divided into two categories based on whether leased area of relevant tenants is above or less than 500 tsubo for each property.

Tenant turnover trend for KRI's office buildings



- "Move-in" exceeds "move-out" in terms of both number and area for the 17th period (2013/10)
- Average move-in/move-out area is approximately 100 tsubo; tenant movement observed among mid-sized office buildings



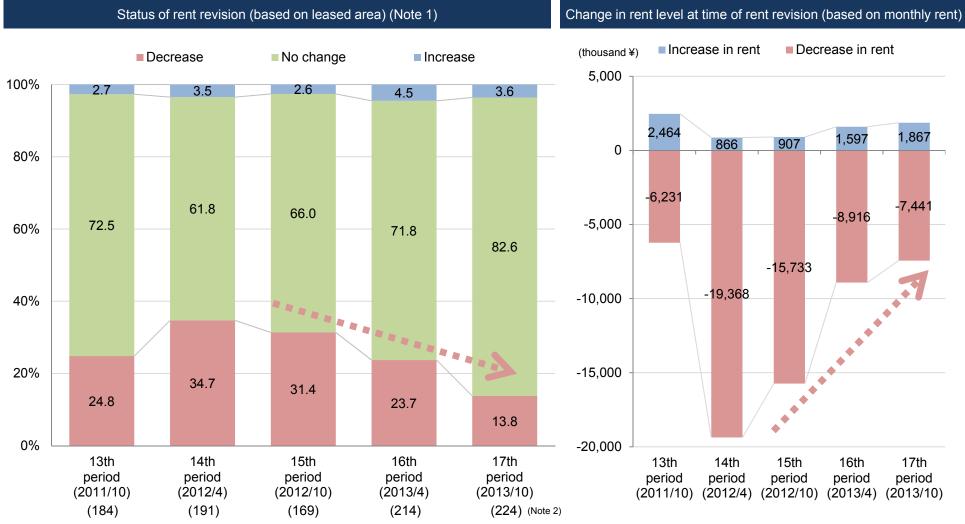
Note: Number of tenants and leasable floor area are calculated based on floors. For example, an end-tenant vacating a floor and leasing another floor at any of our properties is counted as one tenant each for incoming and outgoing.

Note: The above data is based on a survey by the Asset Management company with regard to reasons of office relocation for relevant tenants. We classify responses of the survey into three categories; "Expansion", "Reduction" and "Other/unknown". For move-in, the figures are based on the number of tenants on office floors on the 2nd floor or above. For move-out, figures are based on the number of tenants on all floors except for residential units. **18**

Renewed rent level of KRI's office buildings



- For status of rent revision; reducing in "Decrease" and increasing in "No change"
- · Continued contraction trend for the amount of decrease in rent; amount of increase in rent improving



Notes:

 Above figures are for any renewed or revised contracts during relevant periods and such contracts are summarized by the status of rent revision (increase / decrease / no change). The percentages are based on leased floor area and are rounded to the first decimal place.

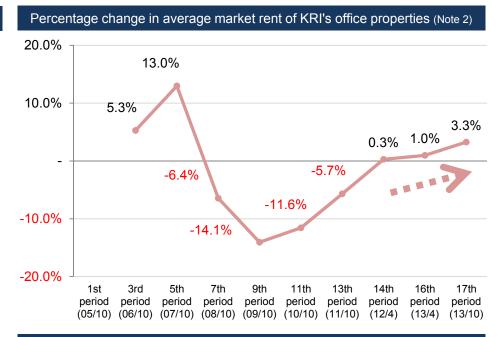
2. Figures indicate number of lease contracts that are renewed or revised in each fiscal period.

Rent gap of KRI's office properties



- Rent gap shrinking from a peak of 21.1% to 8.6%
- Increase in average market rent by 3.3% (period-over-period)





Average market rent of KRI's office properties (by # of properties)

Data point	14th period (2012/4)	16th period (2013/4)	17th period (2013/10)
# of subject properties	76	77	79
Increase	_	13	23
No change	57	61	54
Decrease	19	3	2

Notes:

1. Rent gap is the difference in percentage between average rent for standard floor of each of our office properties and market contracted rent (standard floor) of the same properties. Average rent for standard floor of our office properties is calculated by computing an average rent of occupied area (office use) on standard floor for each of our office properties (excluding properties sold) and taking a weighted average of such average rents by leasable area. Market contracted rent is an assumed achievable market rent (standard floor) for our properties assessed by CBRE at each evaluation point.

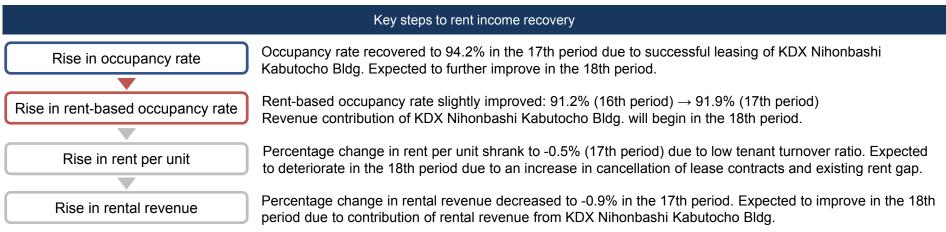
2. Average market rent for the portfolio is a weighted average of assumed achievable market rents (standard floor) for properties that CBRE assess at each evaluation point based on leasable area

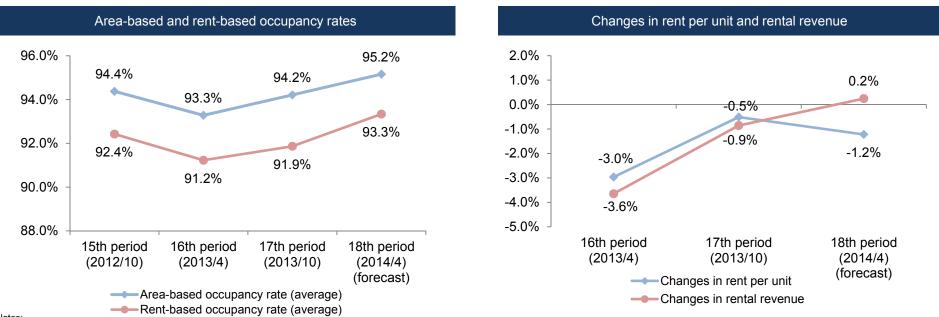
Key steps to rental revenue recovery for KRI's properties



21

- Area-based and rent-based occupancy rates bottomed out in the 16th (2013/4) period and will improve in the 17th (2013/10) period and thereafter
- Extent of decrease in percentage change in rent per unit shrank in the 17th period





Notes:

1. Based on 78 properties that KRI owned from the beginning of the 15th period (2012/10), excluding properties sold. Rental revenue includes common area charges.

2. Rent-based occupancy rate is a monthly average of rents paid (contracted rents minus rents equivalent to rent free period) divided by total potential rent (contracted rent plus minimum rent expected for vacant floor). 3. Percentage change in rent per unit is calculated by taking the change in rent from the end of the previous fiscal period to the current fiscal period.

Rents and rent-based occupancy rates for KRI's properties KENEDIX

- Area-based occupancy rate recovered in the 17th (2013/10) period from a large cancellation of leasing contract (KDX Nihonbashi Kabutocho Bldg.)
- Total monthly rent expected to improve in the 18th (2014/4) period, period-over-period, due to improvement in rent-based occupancy rate



Notes:

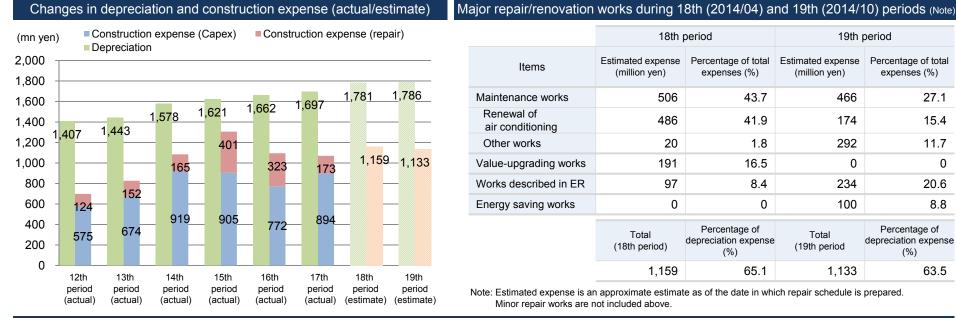
1. The above figures reflect the 78 properties (excluding the properties sold) held at the beginning of the 15th period (2012/10). The rents include common area charges.

2. The rent-based occupancy rates are calculated by dividing the contract rent or the rent paid (the contract rent – the portion of rent that is not paid due to the rent-free period) by the total potential rent (the contracted rent + the minimum rent expected for new tenants to move in).

Measures for maintaining / improving quality of properties



- Strengthening competitiveness by implementing active measures for maintaining and improving quality of properties
- Maintaining quality of maintenance and reducing maintenance cost by standardizing specification for building maintenance

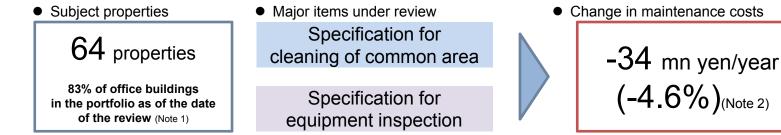


	18th	period	19th period		
Items	Estimated expense (million yen)	Percentage of total expenses (%)	Estimated expense (million yen)	Percentage of total expenses (%)	
Maintenance works	506	43.7	466	27.1	
Renewal of air conditioning	486	41.9	174	15.4	
Other works	20	1.8	292	11.7	
Value-upgrading works	191	16.5	0	0	
Works described in ER	97	8.4	234	20.6	
Energy saving works	0	0	100	8.8	
	Total (18th period)	Percentage of depreciation expense (%)	Total (19th period	Percentage of depreciation expense (%)	
	1,159	65.1	1,133	63.5	

Note: Estimated expense is an approximate estimate as of the date in which repair schedule is prepared. Minor repair works are not included above.

Review of specification for building maintenance and reduction in maintenance costs

- Undertook review of specification for building maintenance for 64 properties in our portfolio and standardized the specification which has been varied property to property in order to manage quality of maintenance at a constant level
- Reduction in maintenance costs by 340 million yen as a result of the review



Notes:

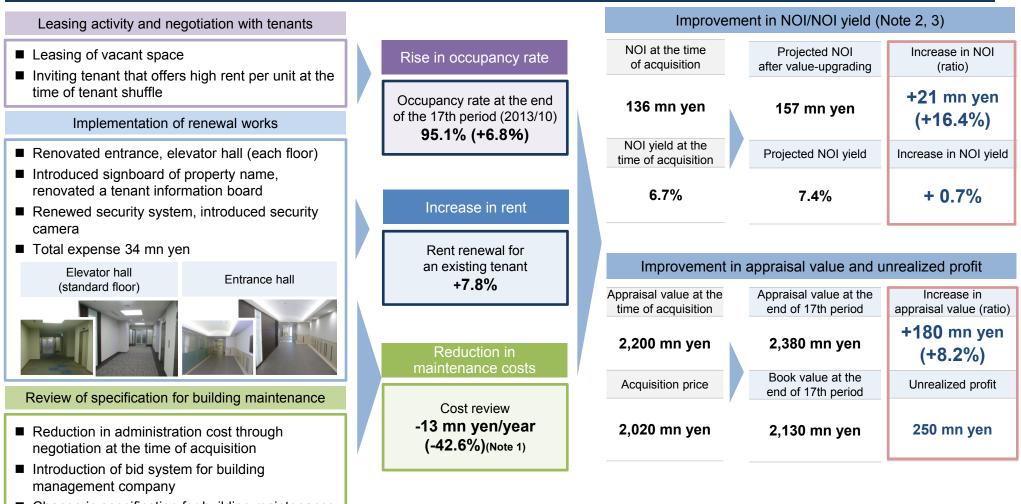
- 1. Calculated based on the office buildings in our portfolio as of the date in which we began review of specification for property maintenance.
- 2. Calculated by comparing annualized monthly contract amounts before and after the review for subject properties. No assurance are given with respect to future cash flow. Figures are truncated to the nearest million yen.

Measures for maintaining / improving quality of properties (KDX Omiya Bldg. case)



 Achieved value-upgrading of the property by taking multi-dimensional approach over the short period of time after the acquisition

Effects of value-upgrading measures for KDX Omiya Bldg. (acquired on March 26, 2013)



Change in specification for building maintenance

Notes:

1. Total amount of reduction in maintenance cost and of increase in rent are estimates that take into account changes in contract amount (annualized) based on contracts as of November 30, 2013. No assurance is given with respect to future maintenance costs and rent. Of the 13 million yen reduction in administration cost, 8.5 million yen comes from the introduction of no-man operation.

2. NOI and NOI yield as of the acquisition date are calculated based on annualized operating income and operating expense as of March 26, 2013. NOI and NOI yield after value-upgrading are estimates calculated using annualized operating income and operating expense based on contracts as of November 30, 2013. No assurance is given with respect to future NOI and NOI yield.

3. NOI is truncated to the nearest million. NOI yield is rounded down to the first decimal place.

End tenants for KRI's office buildings



- Largest end-tenant occupies 2.2% of total leased floor area
- Top 10 end-tenants occupy 10.7% of total leased floor area

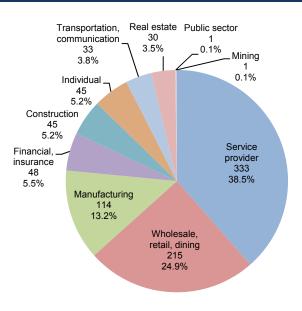
List of top end tenants (as of the end of 17th (2013/10) period)

Average rent by area as of the end of the 17th (2013/10) period

	# of Properties	Average rent (yen/tsubo) (Note 1)	Percentage change (period- over-period)
Tokyo metropolitan area	64	15,100	-1.4%
Japan	79	14,300	-1.0%

Note: Average rent is a weighted average by area and is truncated o the nearest \$100.

Tenant diversification (based on # of tenants)



Note: The above chart shows the breakdown of tenants by the type of business they are in, based on the total number of tenants in office portfolio (aggregated by name-base)

	Tenant name	Leased floor area (tsubo)	Percentage share of leased floor area (Note 1)	Properties occupied
1	SMBC Nikko Securities (financial services)	2,333.6	2.2	 Kabutocho Nikko Bldg II Tachikawa Ekimae Bldg KDX Nagoya Ekimae Bldg Nagoya Nikko Shoken Bldg Sendai Nikko Bldg
2	Tenant A (service provider)	1,550.3	1.5	·KDX Kawasaki Ekimae Honcho Bldg
3	Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ (financial services)	1,188.1	1.1	Harajuku FF BldgToranomon Toyo Bldg
4	Kenedix (real estate)	1,144.1	1.1 (Note 2)	 ⋅KDX Shinbashi Bldg ⋅KDX Nihonbashi Kabutocho Bldg
5	Medical Corporation DOYUKAI (service provider)	1,022.4	1.0	•Koishikawa TG Bldg
6	Tenant B (wholesales, retail, and dining)	863.7	0.8	•Harajuku FF Bldg
7	Tenant C (manufacturing)	816.6	0.8	 KDX Hatchobori Bldg KDX Kobayashi-Doshomachi Bldg
8	Tenant D (financial services)	781.8	0.8	•KDX Harumi Bldg
9	Kodak Japan (wholesales, retail, and dining	755.4	0.7	•KDX Ochanomizu Bldg
10	Tenant E (manufacturing)	685.2	0.7	•KDX Nihonbashi 313 Bldg
	Total	11,141.3	10.7	

Based on leased floor area of each tenant against total portfolio leased floor area as of the end of the 17th period (2013/10). Numbers are rounded to the first decimal place.
 Percentage shares of leased floor area for KDX Shinbashi Bldg, and KDX Nihonbashi Kabutocho Bldg, are 0.3% and 0.8% respectively.

2. Percentage shares of leased floor area for KDX Shinbashi Bldg. and KDX Nihonbashi Kabutocho Bldg. are 0.3% and 0.8% respectively. On November 31, 2013, Kenedix has cancelled the lease contract for KDX Shinbashi Bldg.



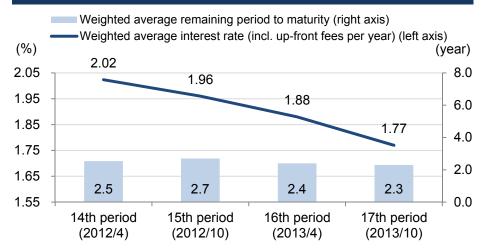
Section 5 Financial strategy

Interest rate of debt and diversification of maturity dates

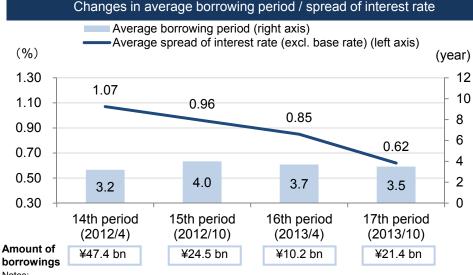


- Steadily reducing financing costs
- Maintaining stable financial base with longer maturity dates and fixing interest rate

Changes in average remaining period to maturity / interest rate



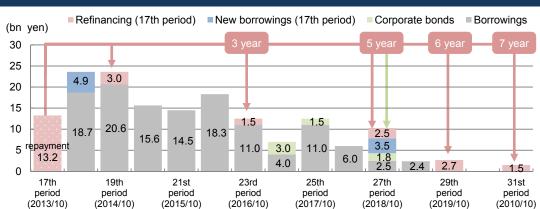
Note: Average remaining period to maturity and interest rate are weighted averages based on outstanding debts at the end of each fiscal period. Average remaining period to maturities and interest rate (including up front fees) are rounded to the second and first decimal places respectively.



Notes:

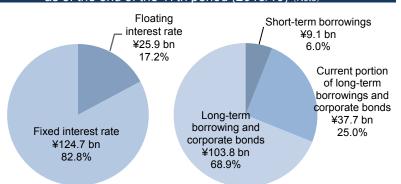
1. Average borrowing term is a weighted average based on amount of borrowings (rounded to the first decimal place). 2. Average interest rate is weighted by amount of new borrowings and by adding annualized upfront fee to the spread cost for total debt costs (rounded to the second decimal place).

3. Borrowings that are repaid within the same period are not included for the calculation.



Diversification of debt maturities as of the end of the 17th period (2013/10)

Fixing interest rate and extending terms of debt as of the end of the 17th period (2013/10) (Note)



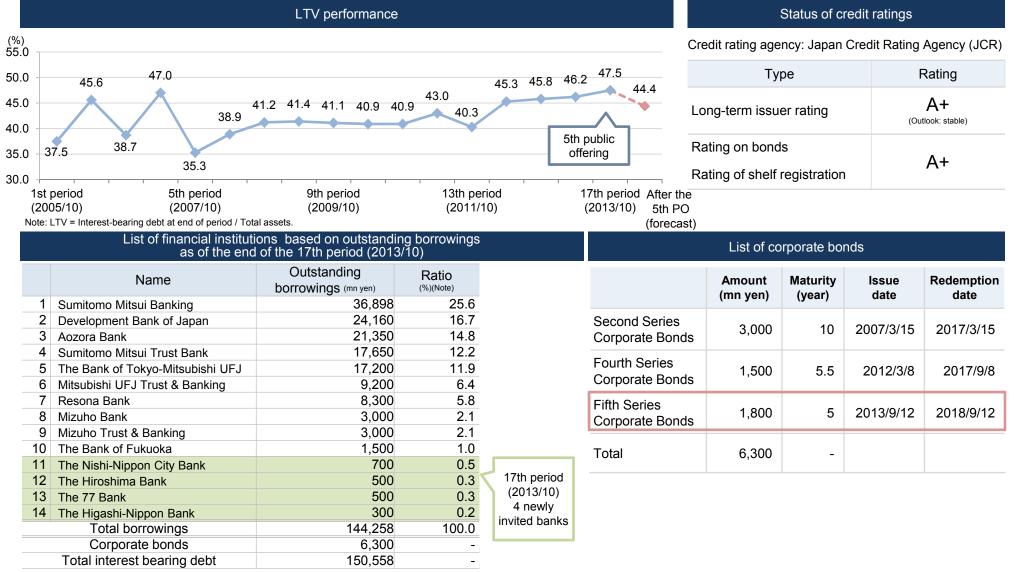
Note: Fixed rate includes borrowings that are fixed through interest rate swap but excludes those that are hedged by interest rate cap (numbers are rounded to the first decimal place).

Note: The chart illustrates total debt amounts that reach maturity in each period, including repayment of a part of principle based on contract (rounded to the first decimal place).

LTV and lenders



- LTV lowered to 44.4% due to public offering continue to operate with maximum LTV of upper 40%
- Further expanded our lender formation from 10 to 14 financial institutions



Note: Ratio is rounded to first decimal place.



Appendices

Portfolio overview 1 (as of the end of the 17th period (2013/10))



Office Buildings (79 properties) Acquisition Acquisition 17th period 17th period Year built price occupancyrate price Year built occupancy rate Type Area No. Name Location (¥ mn) (Note 1) (Note 2) (%) (Note 3) Type Area No. Name Location (¥ mn) (Note 1) (Note 2) (%) (Note 3) A-1 KDX Nihonbashi 313 Building Chuo-ward, Tokyo 5,940 1974/4 100.0 A-46 Hiei Kudan-Kita Building Chivoda-ward, Tokvo 7600 1988/3 100.0 1987/1 100.0 A-47 KDX Shin-Yokohama 381 Building Yokohama, Kanagawa 5800 1988/3 99.2 A-3 Higashi-Kayabacho Yuraku Building Chuo-ward, Tokyo 4,450 100.0 1985/2 100.0 A-4 KDX Hatchobori Building Chuo-ward, Tokyo 3,680 1993/6 A-48 KDX Kawasaki-Ekimae Hon-cho Building Kawasaki, Kanagawa 3760 A-5 KDX Nakano-Sakaue Building Nakano-ward, Tokyo 2,533 1992/8 100.0 A-49 Nissou Dai-17 Building Yokohama, Kanagawa 2710 1991/7 81.7 A-6 Harajuku F.F. Building Shibuya-ward, Tokyo 2,450 1985/11 100.0 A-50 KDX lkejiri-Oohashi Building Meguro-ward, Tokyo 2400 1988/9 91.3 A-7 FIK Minami Aovama Minato-ward, Tokvo 2.270 1988/11 100.0 A-51 KDX Hamacho Nakanohashi Building Chuo-ward, Tokyo 2310 1988/9 100.0 1992/10 Kanda Kihara Building Chiyoda-ward, Tokyo 1.950 1993/5 76.2 KDX Kanda Misaki-cho Building Chivoda-ward, Tokyo 1380 73.7 A-8 A-52 A-13 KDX Kojimachi Building Chiyoda-ward, Tokyo 5.950 1994/5 100.0 A-55 Shin-toshin Maruzen Building Shinjuku-ward, Tokyo 2110 1990/7 100.0 A-14 KDX Funabashi Building Funabashi, Chiba 2.252 1989/4 100.0 A-56 KDX Jimbocho Building Chiyoda-ward, Tokyo 2760 1994/5 100.0 A-15 KDX Hamacho Building Chuo-ward, Tokyo 2.300 1993/9 88.7 A-57 KDX Gobancho Building Chiyoda-ward, Tokyo 1951 2000/8 100.0 Toshin 24 Building A-59 KDX Iwamoto-cho Building Chivoda-ward, Tokyo 1864 2008/3 100.0 A-16 Yokohama, Kanagawa 5 300 1984/9 91 1 Chuo-ward, Tokyo 2008/2 A-17 KDX Ebisu Building Shibuva-ward, Tokvo 4.640 1992/1 834 A-60 KDX Harumi Building 10250 71.2 Area Area KDX Hamamatsucho Building 1992/4 A-19 Minato-ward, Tokvo 3.460 1999/9 100.0 A-61 KDX Hamamatsucho Dai-2 Building Minato-ward, Tokyo 2200 87.5 A-20 KDX Kavabacho Building Chuo-ward. Tokvo 2.780 1987/10 100.0 A-62 Koishikawa TG Building Bunkyo-ward, Tokyo 3080 1989/11 100.0 Buildings Buildings Metropolitan Metropolitan Shinaq awa-ward, Tokyo 1988/4 A-21 KDX Shinbashi Building Minato-ward Tokyo 2.690 1992/2 100.0 A-63 Gotanda TG Building 2620 100.0 A-22 KDX Shin-Yokohama Building Yokohama, Kanagawa 2.520 1990/9 92.9 A-64 KDX Nihonbashi 216 Building Chuo-ward, Tokyo 2010 2006/10 100.0 A-26 KDX Kiba Building 1.580 1992/10 100.0 A-66 KDX Shinjuku Building Shinjuku-ward, Tokyo 6800 1993/5 88.3 **Office** Koto-ward, Tokvo Office A-27 KDX Kaiicho Building Chivoda-ward, Tokvo 2.350 100.0 A-67 KDX Ginza 1 chome Building Chuo-ward, Tokvo 4300 1991/11 100.0 1990/3 Tokyo Tokyo A-68 KDX Nihonbashi Honcho Building A-28 KDX Nogizaka Building Minato-ward, Tokvo 1 0 6 5 1991/5 100.0 Chuo-ward, Tokvo 4000 1984/1 100.0 A-29 KDX Higashi-Shinjuku Building A-71 KDX lidabashi Building 1990/3 Shinjuku-ward, Tokyo 2.950 1990/1 100.0 Shinjuku-ward, Tokyo 4670 100.0 A-72 KDX Higashi-Shinagawa Building Shinagawa-ward, Tokyo 4590 1993/1 100.0 A-30 KDX Nishi-Gotanda Building Shinaqawa-ward, Tokyo 4,200 1992/11 100.0 1993/11 A-73 KDX Hakozaki Building Chuo-ward, Tokvo 2710 100.0 A-31 KDX Monzen-Nakacho Building Koto-ward, Tokyo 1,400 1986/9 100.0 2002/11 A-32 KDX Shiba-Daimon Building Minato-ward, Tokyo 6,090 1986/7 92.9 A-74 KDX Shin-Nihonbashi Building Chuo-ward, Tokvo 2300 100.0 A-75 KDX Nihonbashi Kabutocho Building Chuo-ward, Tokyo 1998/11 A-33 KDX Okachimachi Building Taito-ward, Tokyo 2,000 1988/6 100.0 11270 99.8 A-77 Kabutocho Nikko Building II KDX Hon-Atsugi Building Atsugi, Kanagawa 1,305 1995/5 89.0 Chuo-ward, Tokyo 1280 2001/10 100.0 A-34 KDX Hachioji Building Hachioji, Tokyo 1,155 1985/12 100.0 A-78 Tachikawa Ekimae Building Tachikawa, Tokyo 1267 1990/2 100.0 A-35 KDX Ochanomizu Building Chivoda-ward, Tokyo 6,400 100.0 A-83 Fuchu South Building Fuchu, Tokvo 6120 1996/3 97.2 A-37 1982/8 1992/6 A-38 KDX Nishi-Shinjuku Building Shinjuku-ward, Tokyo 1,500 1992/10 100.0 A-84 KDX Kasuga Building Bunkvo-ward, Tokvo 2800 92.4 A-85 KDX Nakameguro Building Meguro-ward, Tokvo 1880 1985/10 100.0 A-39 KDX Toranomon Building Minato-ward, Tokyo 4,400 1988/4 100.0 A-86 KDX Omiya Building Saitama, Saitama 2020 1993/4 95.1 A-40 Toranomon Toyo Building Minato-ward, Tokyo 9,850 1962/8 96.9 A-41 KDX Shinjuku 286 Building Shinjuku-ward, Tokyo 2,300 1989/8 100.0 A-87 Itopia Nihonbashi SA Building Chuo-ward, Tokyo 2200 1995/7 100.0 A-45 KDX Roppongi 228 Building Minato-ward, Tokyo 3,300 1989/4 63.1 A-88 Welship Higashi-Shinjuku Shinjuku-ward, Tokyo 1900 1990/3 100.0

Notes:

1. Acquisition price is the purchase price of the trust beneficiary interest etc. acquired by KRI.

2. Year built shows the completion date recorded in land register book. The average value shown in subtotal section is a weighted average number calculated based on acquisition prices with a base date of October 31, 2013, and is truncated to the first decimal place.

3. Occupancy rate is calculated by dividing leased area as of October 31, 2013 by leasable area and is rounded to the first decimal place.

Portfolio overview 2 (as of the end of the 17th period (2013/10))



Office Buildings (79 properties) Acquisition 17th period price Year built occupancyrate (¥ mn) (Note 1) (%) (Note 3) Type Area No. Name Location (Note 2) A-12 Portus Center Building Sakai, Osaka 5,570 1993/9 95.8 A-24 KDX Minami Semba Dai-1 Building Osaka, Osaka 1,610 1993/3 90.4 A-25 KDX Minami Semba Dai-2 Building Osaka, Osaka 1,560 1993/9 82.2 A-36 KDX Niigata Building Niigata, Niigata 1,305 1983/7 63.7 Regional Areas A-42 Karasuma Building Kyoto, Kyoto 5,400 1982/10 94.3 A-44 KDX Sendai Building **Office Buildings** Sendai, Miyagi 2,100 1984/2 91.5 A-53 KDX Hakata-Minami Building Fukuoka, Fukuoka 4,900 1973/6 93.9 A-54 KDX Kitahama Building Osaka, Osaka 2,220 1994/7 92.8 A-58 KDX Nagoya Sakae Building Nagoya, Aichi 7.550 2009/4 100.0 Other I A-69 KDX Kobayashi-Doshomachi Building Osaka, Osaka 2,870 2009/7 100.0 A-70 Kitananajo SIA Building 1989/10 Sapporo, Hokkaido 2,005 89.8 A-79 KDX Nagoya Ekimae Building Nagoya, Aichi 7,327 1986/4 100.0 A-80 Nagoya Nikko Shoken Building Nagoya, Aichi 4,158 1974/8 98.0 A-81 Sendai Nikko Building Sendai, Miyagi 950 1989/3 87.7 A-82 KDX Higashi Umeda Building 100.0 Osaka, Osaka 2,770 2009/7 95.6 Office Buildings (79 properties) Subtotal Ave. 23.2 yrs

Central Urban Retail Properties (3 properties)

				Acquisition price Year built		17th period occupancyrate	
Туре	Area	No.	Name	Location	(¥ mn) (Note 1)	(Note 2)	(%) (Note 3)
an ties	Tokyo	C-1	Frame Jinnan-zaka	Shibuya-ward, Tokyo	9,900	2005/3	100.0
al Urban roperties	Metro- politan	C-2	KDX Yoyogi Building	Shibuya-ward, Tokyo	2,479	1991/8	100.0
2 6	Area	C-4	Ginza 4chome Tower	Chuo-ward, Tokyo	9,800	2008/11	100.0
Cent Retail		Ce	ntral Urban Retail Properties (3 propertie	s) Subtotal	22,179	Ave. 8.4 yrs	100.0

Residential Properties (3 properties)									
Туре	Area	No.	Name Location		Acquisition price (¥ mn) (Note 1)	Year built (Note 2)	17th period occupancyrate (%) (Note 3)		
al S	Tokyo Metro-	B-3	Court Mejiro	Shinjuku-ward, Tokyo	1,250	1997/3	100.0		
Residential Properties	politan Area	B-19	Residence Charmante Tsukishima	Chuo-ward, Tokyo	5,353	2004/1	100.0		
	Other Regional Areas	B-18	Venus Hibarigaoka	Sapporo, Hokkaido	1,800	1989/3	94.2		
			Residential Properties (3 properties)	Subtotal	8,403	Ave. 14.0 yrs	96.7		

Total (85 properties, excluding investment securities)

Portfolio (85 properties) Total	304,800	Ave. 21.8 yrs	95.8

Note: The total number of end tenants for 79 office buildings is 899 (865 if tenants are aggregated based on their names).

invesiment Securites (2 properties)									
Туре	Name	Location	Acquisition price (¥ mn)	Year built					
	Senri Property TMK Preferred Securities	Toyonaka, Osaka	891	1992/6					
Investment Securities	TK equity interest of G.K. KRF 31 (Note 4)	Minato-ward, Tokyo	200	1993/3					
	Investment Securities (2) Total		1,091						

estment Securities (2 propertie

Property Sold (1 property)

Туре	Area	No.	Name	Location	Acquisition price (¥ mn)	Sale price (¥ mn)
Office Buildings	Tokyo Metropolitan Area	A-76	Ikebukuro Nikko Building	Toshima-ward, Tokyo	1,653	1,970

Notes:

1. Acquisition price is the purchase price of the trust beneficiary interest etc. acquired by KRI.

Year built shows the completion date recorded in land register book. The average value shown in subtotal section is a weighted average number calculated based on acquisition prices with a base date of October 31, 2013, and is truncated to the first decimal place.

3. Occupancy rate is calculated by dividing leased area as of October 31, 2013 by leasable area and is rounded to the first decimal place.

4. KRI acquired DNI Mita Building on November 18, 2013 and is scheduled to receive refund for the TK equity investment in the 18th period (2014/4).

Historical rent-based NOI yield (by asset type, annualized-based) (%)

	13th period (2011/10)	14th period (2012/4)	15th period (2012/10)	16th period (2013/4)	17th period (2013/10)
Office building	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2
Central urban retail	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.3
Residential	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.6	4.5
Others	_	14.2	13.6	-7.0	_
Total	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.2

Notes:

 For NOI yield calculation, property and city planning taxes are assumed as if they imposed for the properties acquired this calendar year although those taxes are not imposed on such properties. Acquisition prices for newly acquired properties and sold properties are calculated by multiplying the ratio of actual operating days to this fiscal period's operating days.

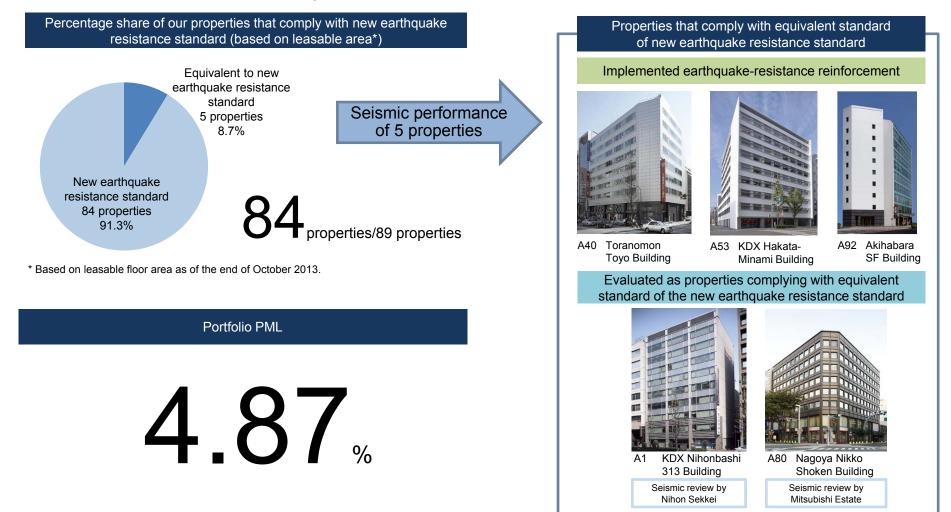
2. Each ratio is rounded to the first decimal place.

3. On November 1, 2012, KRI sold Kanazawa Nikko Building which was the only property categorized as "Others". Due to property tax and other expenses, the NOI yield for the 16th period shows a negative value.

Seismic performance of KRI's properties (as of Dec 2, 2013)



All 89 properties comply with new earthquake resistance standard or its equivalent



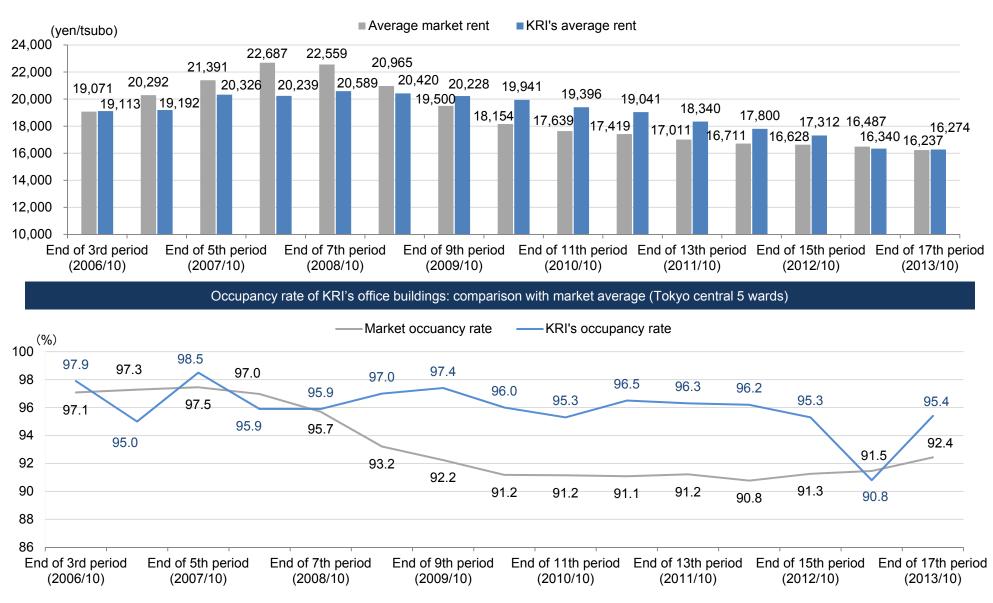
Notes:

- 1. "New Earthquake Resistance Standard" was formulated based on the revision of enforcement order of Building Standard Law in 1981. The anti-seismic performance of buildings has been greatly improved since the enforcement of the law due to the newly added provisions including the following:
 - A: New provision on tie-hoop ratio of Reinforced-Concrete Pillars (above 0.2%);
 - B: Resetting horizontal seismic coefficient and elastic shear modulus, etc.
 - C: New requirement on the secondary design in seismic calculation.
- 2. PML value is as of October 2013 and is based on the research implemented by Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Risk Management.
- 3. PML is probable maximum loss due to the earthquake. PML can be divided into PML of an individual property and PML of the entire portfolio. Although there is no unified definition of PML, we define PML here as the ratio of the loss occurred in case of the severest earthquake (e.g. severe earthquake that happens only once in 475 years = severe earthquake which the probability of happening in 50 years is 10%) that could happen during the life-span of the property (50 years), to the replacement cost of the estimated restoration expenses.

KRI's average rent and occupancy rate of office buildings: comparison with market average



Average rent of KRI office buildings: comparison with market average (Tokyo central 5 wards)



Notes:

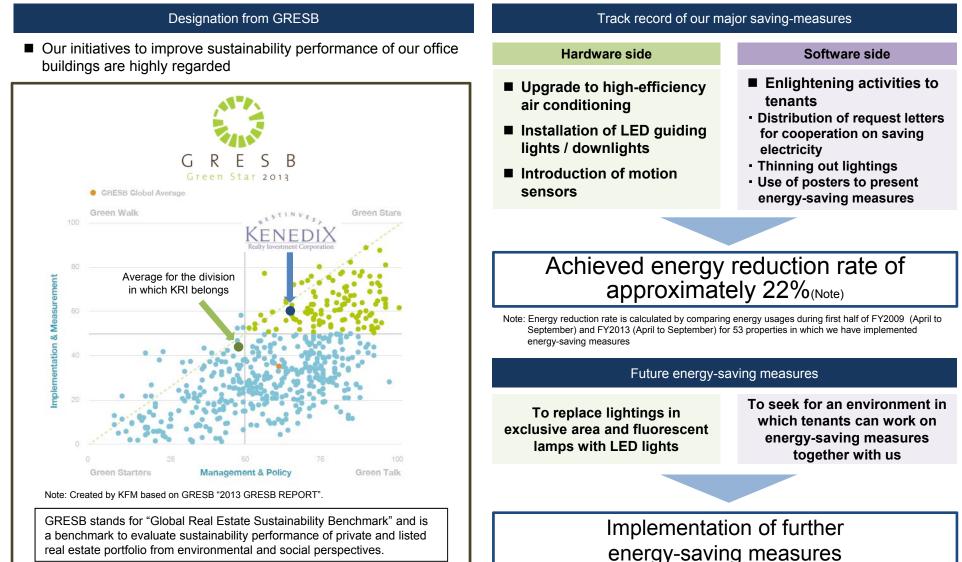
1. Average market rent and market occupancy rate refer to the average values of Tokyo central 5 wards published by Miki Shoji.

2. KRI's average rent and occupancy rate refer to the average values of KRI's office buildings in Tokyo central 5 wards which we own as of the end of each period.

Environmental initiatives and energy-saving measures



- Received the "Green Star" designation, the highest available, from GRESB for two consecutive years, ranking 1st in the Japanese office building division
- Steady results of continuous energy-saving measures

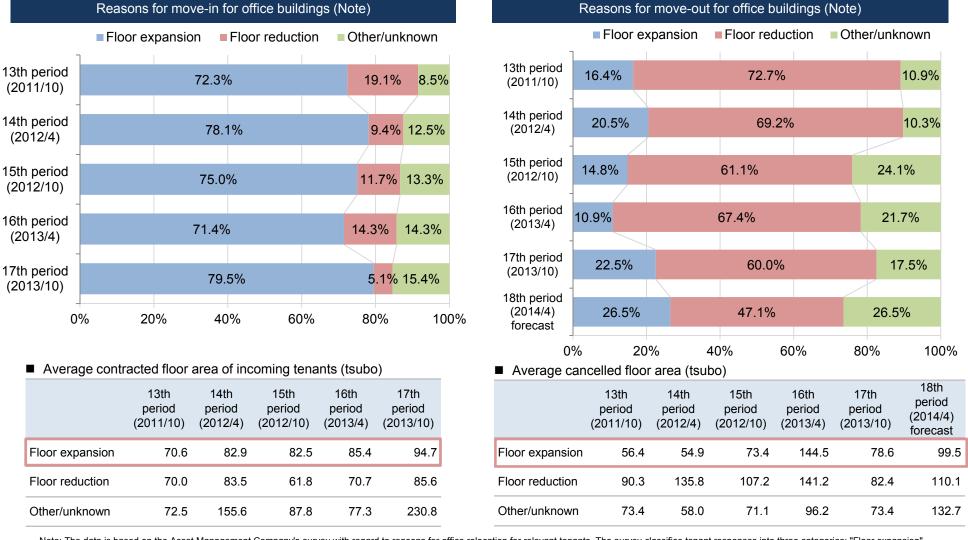


Reasons for move-in/-out for KRI's office buildings



36

- Move-ins mainly for expansion purposes; floor expansion motive is increasing for move-outs due to limited vacant space in our properties
- Average cancellation area is approximately 100 tsubo for exiting tenants; the move observed among mid-size office buildings

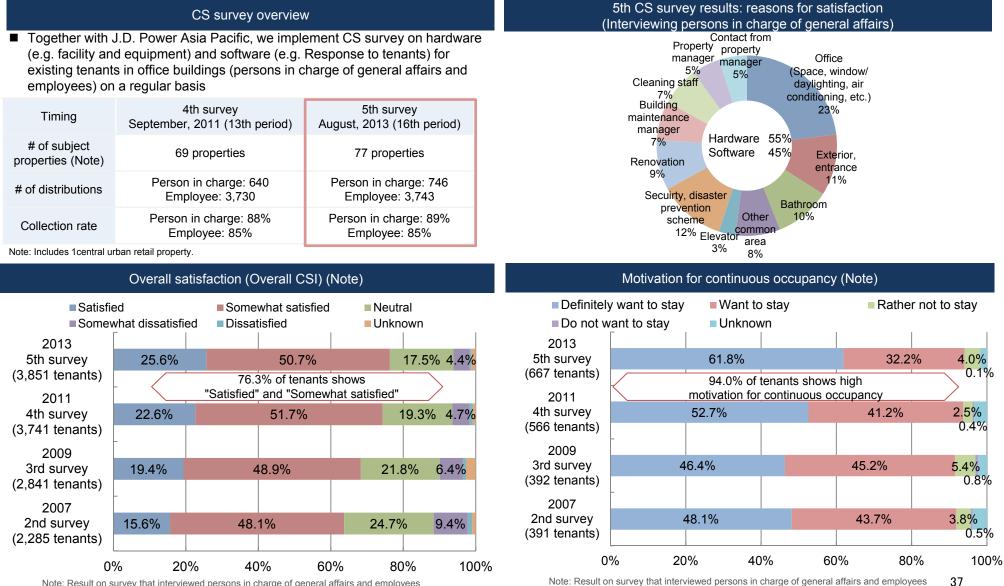


Note: The data is based on the Asset Management Company's survey with regard to reasons for office relocation for relevant tenants. The survey classifies tenant responses into three categories; "Floor expansion", "Floor reduction" and "Other/unknown". For move-ins, the figures are based on the number of tenants located on office floors and on the 2nd floor or above. For move-outs, figures are based on the number of tenants on all floors except for residential floors.

Overview of the 5th CS survey results



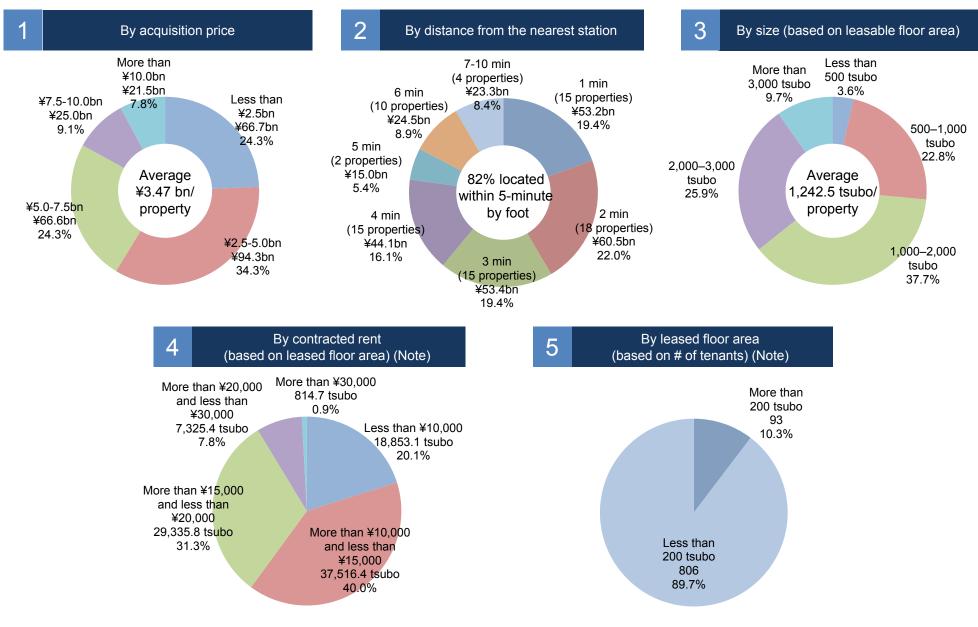
- KRI implements CS (Customer Satisfaction) survey on a regular basis
- Confirmed high "overall satisfaction" and "motivation for continuous occupancy" from the 5th survey results



Note: Result on survey that interviewed persons in charge of general affairs and employees

Characteristics of KRI's properties (as of the end of the 17th period (2013/10))

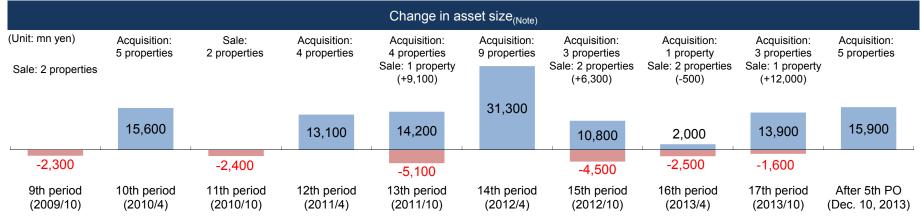




Improvement in portfolio quality and expansion of asset size



 Achieved external growth and strengthening of portfolio through well-timed property acquisitions and dispositions



Note: Change in asset size is calculated based on acquisition price and is truncated to the nearest 100 million yen.



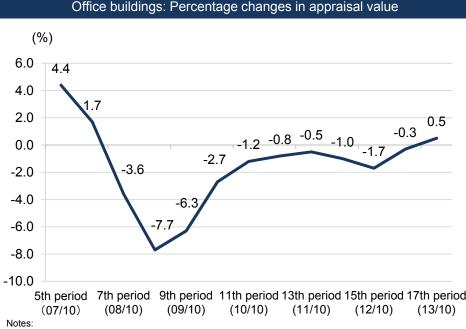
Notes

1. Figures are truncated to the nearest 100 million yen

2. Change in asset size is calculated based on acquisition price.

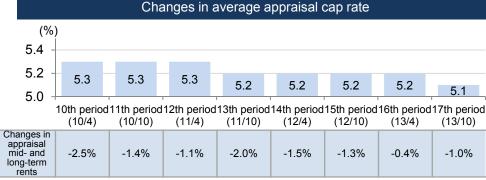
Historical appraisal value of office buildings





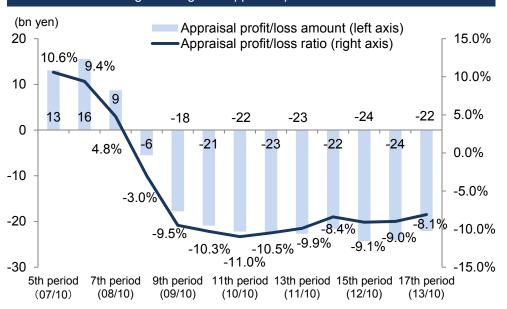
1. Figures are changes in appraisal value at the end of each period (period-over-period).

2. For the properties acquired during each period, the appraisal value at the time of acquisition is used as the appraisal value as of the end of the previous period.



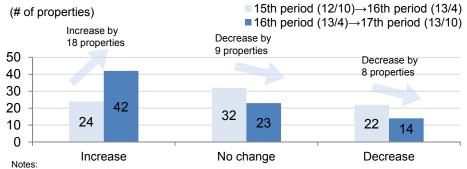
Notes:

- 1. Figures are percentage changes in appraisal cap rate and mid- to long- term rent for office buildings owned at the end of each period.
- 2. Figures are weighted average values based on acquisition price.
- For the properties acquired during each period, the mid- to long-term rent and cap rate at the time of acquisition are used as the values as of the end of the previous period.



Note: Appraisal profit/loss is calculated by subtracting book values from appraisal values for office properties owned at the end of each period. The ratio is calculated by dividing the appraisal profit/loss by the total book value.

Office buildings: Changes in appraisal value



1. Properties owned at the end of each period are categorized into three types based on the extent of the change in appraisal values (increase, no change, decrease). The changs in appraisal values are calculated by comparing appraisal value of the properties owned as of the end of relevant period with that of the previous period.

2. For the properties acquired in each period, appraisal values as of the date of acquisition are used as the appraisal value as of the previous period.

Note: "Percentage changes in appraisal value", "Appraisal profit/loss amount", "Appraisal profit/loss ratio" are calculated based on properties owned as of the end of the 17th period (13/10). Properties already sold are excluded from the calculation. "Percentage changes in appraisal value" and "Appraisal profit/loss ratio" are rounded to the first decimal place and "appraisal profit/loss amount" is rounded to the nearest million yen. 40

Office buildings: Changes in appraisal profit/loss amount and ratio

Appraisal values and cap rates as of the end of the 17th period KENEDI Really Investment Corpora

No	Property name	Appraiser	aiser Acquisition price End of 17th period (mn yen) (As of Oct 31, 2013)					End of 16th period (As pf Apr 30, 2013)		Period-end appraisal value		Direct capitalization method cap rate
			(A)	Book value (mn yen) (B)	Appraisal value (mn yen) (C)	Direct capitalization method cap rate (D)	Appraisal value vs book value (C)÷(B)-1	Appraisal value (mn yen) (E)	Direct capitalization method cap rate (F)	Changes (C) — (E)	%changes (C)÷(E)-1	Changes (D)—(F)
A01	KDX Nihonbashi 313 Building	Daiwa	5,940	6,030	6,470	4.6%	7.3%	6,400	4.7%	70	1.1%	-0.1%
A03	Higashi-Kayabacho Yuraku Building	JREI	4,450	4,281	4,780	4.9%	11.7%	4,940	4.9%	-160	-3.2%	-
A04	KDX Hatchobori Building	Daiwa	3,680	3,421	3,390	4.9%	-0.9%	3,440	5.0%	-50	-1.5%	-0.1%
A05	KDX Nakano-Sakaue Building	Daiwa	2,533	2,426	2,270	5.1%	-6.4%	2,250	5.2%	20	0.9%	-0.1%
A06	Harajuku F.F. Building	JREI	2,450	2,424	3,030	5.4%	25.0%	3,030	5.5%	-	-	-0.1%
A07	FIK Minami Aoyama	JREI	2,270	2,236	2,240	4.7%	0.1%	2,190	4.8%	50	2.3%	-0.1%
A08	Kanda Kihara Building	Daiwa	1,950	1,837	1,710	4.9%	-7.0%	1,740	5.0%	-30	-1.7%	-0.1%
A12	Portus Center Building	Daiwa	5,570	4,447	4,680	6.3%	5.2%	4,610	6.4%	70	1.5%	-0.1%
A13	KDX Kojimachi Building	JREI	5,950	5,670	4,350	4.3%	-23.3%	4,320	4.4%	30	0.7%	-0.1%
A14	KDX Funabashi Building	JREI	2,252	2,349	1,950	6.1%	-17.0%	1,950	6.1%	-	-	-
A15	KDX Hamacho Building	JREI	2,300	2,214	2,200	5.2%	-0.7%	2,200	5.2%	-	-	-
A16	Toshin 24 Building	JREI	5,300	5,023	4,000	5.7%	-20.4%	4,000	5.7%	-	-	-
A17	KDX Ebisu Building	JREI	4,640	4,533	4,200	4.7%	-7.4%	4,120	4.9%	80	1.9%	-0.2%
A19	KDX Hamamatsucho Building	Daiwa	3,460	3,186	3,160	4.5%	-0.8%	3,150	4.6%	10	0.3%	-0.1%
A20	KDX Kayabacho Building	JREI	2,780	2,826	2,430	5.1%	-14.0%	2,420	5.3%	10	0.4%	-0.2%
A21	KDX Shinbashi Building	JREI	2,690	2,676	2,380	4.6%	-11.1%	2,640	4.6%	-260	-9.8%	-
A22	KDX Shin-Yokohama Building	JREI	2,520	2,397	2,160	5.9%	-9.9%	2,160	5.9%	-	-	-
A24	KDX Minami Semba Dai-1 Building	JREI	1,610	1,498	983	5.9%	-34.4%	978	5.9%	5	0.5%	-
A25	KDX Minami Semba Dai-2 Building	JREI	1,560	1,339	978	5.8%	-27.0%	990	5.8%	-12	-1.2%	-
A26	KDX Kiba Building	JREI	1,580	1,529	1,370	5.5%	-10.4%	1,420	5.6%	-50	-3.5%	-0.1%
A27 A28	KDX Kajicho Building	Daiwa JREI	2,350	2,355	2,330 680	4.9% 5.3%	-1.1% -38.8%	2,360 700	5.0%	-30 -20	-1.3%	-0.1% -0.1%
A28 A29	KDX Nogizaka Building KDX Higashi-Shinjuku Building	Daiwa	1,065 2,950	1,111 3,145	3,340	5.0%	-38.8%	3,340	5.4%	-20	-2.9%	-0.1%
A29 A30	KDX Nishi-Gotanda Building	JREI	4,200	4,048	3,340	5.1%	-7.4%	3,680	5.2%	- 70	- 1.9%	-0.1%
A30	KDX Monzen-Nakacho Building	Daiwa	1,400	1,379	1,140	5.4%	-17.4%	1,120	5.5%	20	1.9%	-0.1%
A32	KDX Nonzen-Nakacho Building	JREI	6.090	6.194	4,510	4.9%	-17.4 %	4,380	5.0%	130	3.0%	-0.1%
A33	KDX Okachimachi Building	Daiwa	2,000	2,099	1,850	4.9%	-11.9%	1,820	5.0%	30	1.6%	-0.1%
A34	KDX Hon-Atsugi Building	Daiwa	1,305	1,146	1,850	6.2%	-8.4%	1,040	6.3%	10	1.0%	-0.1%
A35	KDX Hachioji Building	Daiwa	1,303	1,140	979	5.8%	-23.0%	914	5.9%	65	7.1%	-0.1%
A36	KDX Niigata Building	JREI	1,305	1,436	886	7.3%	-38.3%	892	7.3%	-6	-0.7%	-0.170
A37	KDX Ochanomizu Building	JREI	6,400	6,571	6,180	4.7%	-6.0%	6,170	4.7%	10	0.2%	
A38	KDX Nishi-Shinjuku Building	JREI	1,500	1,565	1,130	5.1%	-27.8%	1,130	5.2%		0.2 /0	-0.1%
A39	KDX Toranomon Building	JREI	4,400	4,754	3,380	4.4%	-28.9%	3,380	4.4%	-	-	-
A40	Toranomon Toyo Building	JREI	9,850	9,818	10,300	4.5%	4.9%	10,300	4.5%	-	-	-
A41	KDX Shinjuku 286 Building	JREI	2,300	2,369	2,250	4.7%	-5.0%	2,210	4.8%	40	1.8%	-0.1%
A42	Karasuma Building	Daiwa	5,400	5,321	4,990	5.5%	-6.2%	4,960	5.6%	30	0.6%	-0.1%
A44	KDX Sendai Building	Daiwa	2,100	2,113	1,460	6.0%	-30.9%	1,410	6.1%	50	3.5%	-0.1%
A45	KDX Roppongi 228 Building	JREI	3,300	3,426	2,120	4.8%	-38.1%	2,120	4.8%	-	-	-
A46	Hiei Kudan-Kita Building	Daiwa	7,600	7,598	7,450	4.5%	-2.0%	7,440	4.6%	10	0.1%	-0.1%
A47	KDX Shin-Yokohama 381 Building (Note 3)	JREI	5,800	5,771	4,010	5.8%	-30.5%	3,970	5.8%	40	1.0%	
A48	KDX Kawasaki-Ekimae Hon-cho Building	JREI	3,760	3,704	2,990	6.1%	-19.3%	2,990	6.1%	-	-	-
A49	Nissou Dai-17 Building	JREI	2,710	2,580	1,570	5.8%	-39.2%	1,570	5.8%	-	-	-
A50	KDX lkejiri-Oohashi Building	JREI	2,400	2,431	1,500	5.5%	-38.3%	1,490	5.6%	10	0.7%	-0.1%
A51	KDX Hamacho Nakanohashi Building	JREI	2,310	2,317	1,770	5.1%	-23.6%	1,720	5.3%	50	2.9%	-0.2%
A52	KDX Kanda Misaki-cho Building	JREI	1,380	1,368	959	5.1%	-29.9%	924	5.3%	35	3.8%	-0.2%
A53	KDX Hakata-Minami Building	JREI	4,900	4,752	3,310	6.5%	-30.4%	3,450	6.6%	-140	-4.1%	-0.1%

Appraisal values and cap rates as of the end of the 17th period KENEL

No	Property name	Appraiser	Acquisition price (mn yen)		End of 17th period (As of Oct 31, 2013)			End of 16th period (As pf Apr 30, 2013)		Period-end appraisal value		Direct capitalization method cap rate
			(A)	Book value (mn yen) (B)	Appraisal value (mn yen) (C)	Direct capitalization method cap rate (D)	Appraisal value vs book value (C)÷(B)-1	Appraisal value (mn yen) (E)	Direct capitalization method cap rate (F)	Changes (C)—(E)	% changes (C)÷(E)-1	Changes (D)—(F)
A54	KDX Kitahama Building	JREI	2,220	2,158	1,530	6.0%	-29.1%	1,530	6.0%	-	-	_
A55	Shin-toshin Maruzen Building	JREI	2,110	2,138	1,550	5.2%	-27.5%	1,550	5.3%	-	-	-0.1%
A56	KDX Jimbocho Building	JREI	2,760	2,878	1,940	5.0%	-32.6%	1,890	5.2%	50	2.6%	-0.2%
A57	KDX Gobancho Building	JREI	1,951	1,959	1,370	4.7%	-30.1%	1,380	4.8%	-10	-0.7%	-0.1%
A58	KDX Nagoya Sakae Building	Daiwa	7,550	7,289	4,800	5.1%	-34.1%	4,780	5.2%	20	0.4%	-0.1%
A59	KDX lwamoto-cho Building	JREI	1,864	1,763	1,330	5.2%	-24.6%	1,310	5.3%	20	1.5%	-0.1%
A60	KDX Harumi Building	JREI	10,250	9,486	8,250	4.8%	-13.0%	8,250	4.8%	-	-	-
A61	KDX Hamamatsucho Dai-2 Building	Daiwa	2,200	2,274	1,870	4.5%	-17.8%	1,860	4.6%	10	0.5%	-0.1%
A62	Koishikawa TG Building	JREI	3,080	3,099	3,190	4.9%	2.9%	3,040	5.0%	150	4.9%	-0.1%
A63	Gotanda TG Building	JREI	2,620	2,780	2,570	5.1%	-7.6%	2,580	5.3%	-10	-0.4%	-0.2%
A64	KDX Nihonbashi 216 Building	JREI	2,010	1,939	1,840	4.5%	-5.1%	1,810	4.7%	30	1.7%	-0.2%
A66	KDX Shinjuku Building	JREI	6,800	6,851	6,420	4.5%	-6.3%	6,400	4.5%	20	0.3%	-
A67	KDX Ginza 1chome Building	Daiwa	4,300	4,276	5,000	4.3%	16.9%	4,860	4.4%	140	2.9%	-0.1%
A68	KDX Nihonbashi Honcho Building	Daiwa	4,000	3,997	4,350	4.7%	8.8%	4,350	4.8%		2.070	-0.1%
A69	KDX Kobayashi-Doshomachi Building	JREI	2,870	2,596	2,720	7.0%	4.8%	2,760	7.0%	-40	-1.4%	0.170
A70	Kitananajo SIA Building	Daiwa	2,005	2,050	2,050	5.6%	-0.0%	2,050	5.7%		1.470	-0.1%
A71	KDX lidabashi Building	Daiwa	4,670	4,653	5,040	4.7%	8.3%	4,940	4.8%	100	2.0%	-0.1%
A72	KDX Higashi-Shinagawa Building	Daiwa	4,590	4,873	4,870	4.9%	-0.1%	4,800	5.0%	70	1.5%	-0.1%
A73	KDX Hakozaki Building	Daiwa	2,710	2,850	2,850	5.1%	-0.0%	2,850	5.2%		-	
A74	KDX Shin-Nihonbashi Building	Daiwa	2,300	2,050	2,050	4.5%	10.6%	2,850	4.6%			-0.1%
A75	KDX Shin-Niionbashi Building	JREI	11,270	11,497	11,600	4.6%	0.9%	11,600	4.6%			-0.178
A75 A77	Kabutocho Nikko Building II	JREI	1,280	1,497	1,560	4.0%	22.6%	1,550	5.0%	- 10	- 0.6%	-0.1%
A78	Tachikawa Ekimae Building	JREI	1,267	1,272	1,370	5.8%	4.4%	1,330	5.9%	40	3.0%	-0.1%
A78		JREI	7,327	7,826	7,600	5.1%	-2.9%	7,700	5.1%	-100	-1.3%	-0.170
	KDX Nagoya Ekimae Building									-100		-
A80	Nagoya Nikko Shoken Building	JREI	4,158	4,249	4,050	5.5%	-4.7%	4,050	5.5%	-	-	-
A81	Sendai Nikko Building	JREI	950	1,051	1,030	5.8%	-2.0%	1,030	5.9%	-	-	-0.1%
A82	KDX Higashi Umeda Building	Daiwa	2,770	2,784	3,350	5.0%	20.3%	3,320	5.1%	30	0.9%	-0.1%
A83	Fuchu South Building	Daiwa	6,120	6,156	6,700	5.4%	8.8%	6,600	5.5%	100	1.5%	-0.1%
A84	KDX Kasuga Building	JREI	2,800	2,864	3,290	4.9%	14.8%	3,200	5.0%	90	2.8%	-0.1%
A85	KDX Nakameguro Building	Daiwa	1,880	1,900	2,260	5.0%	18.9%	2,230	5.1%	30	1.3%	-0.1%
A86	KDX Omiya Building	Daiwa	2,020	2,137	2,380	5.7%	11.3%	2,200	5.8%	180	8.2%	-0.1%
A87	Itopia Nihonbashi SA Building (Note		2,200	2,225	2,270	4.9%	2.0%	2,230	5.0%	40	1.8%	-0.1%
A88	Welship Higashi-Shinjuku (Note	4) Daiwa	1,900	1,915	2,140	4.9%	11.7%	2,140	4.9%	-	-	-
	Office buildings subtotal		274,218	272,363	250,235	5.1%		249,078	5.1%	1,157	0.5%	-0.0%
B03	Court Mejiro	JREI	1,250	1,146	973	5.3%	-15.2%	973	5.3%	-	-	-
B18	Venus Hibarigaoka	JREI	1,800	1,745	1,560	6.4%	-10.6%	1,560	6.4%	-	-	-
B19	Residence Charmante Tsukishima	JREI	5,353	4,847	4,600	5.1%	-5.1%	4,600	5.1%	-	-	-
	Residential properties subtotal		8,403	7,739	7,133	5.4%		7,133	5.4%	-	-	-
C01	Frame Jinnan-zaka	JREI	9,900	9,643	9,420	4.3%	-2.3%	9,230	4.4%	190	2.1%	-0.1%
C02	KDX Yoyogi Building	JREI	2,479	2,519	1,950	5.2%	-22.6%	1,920	5.3%	30	1.6%	-0.1%
C04	Ginza 4chome Tower (Note	4) JREI	9,800	9,854	10,500	4.0%	6.5%	10,500	4.0%	-	-	-
	Others subtotal		22,179	22,018	21,870	4.3%		21,650	4.6%	220	1.0%	
Notes:	Total		304,800	302,122	279,238	5.0%	-7.6%	277,861	5.1%	1,377	0.5%	-0.1%

Notes:

1. Acquisition price, appraisal value and book value are truncated to the nearest million yen (ratios are rounded to the first decimal place).

2. Total cap rate for each property type is a weighted average value based on acquisition price.

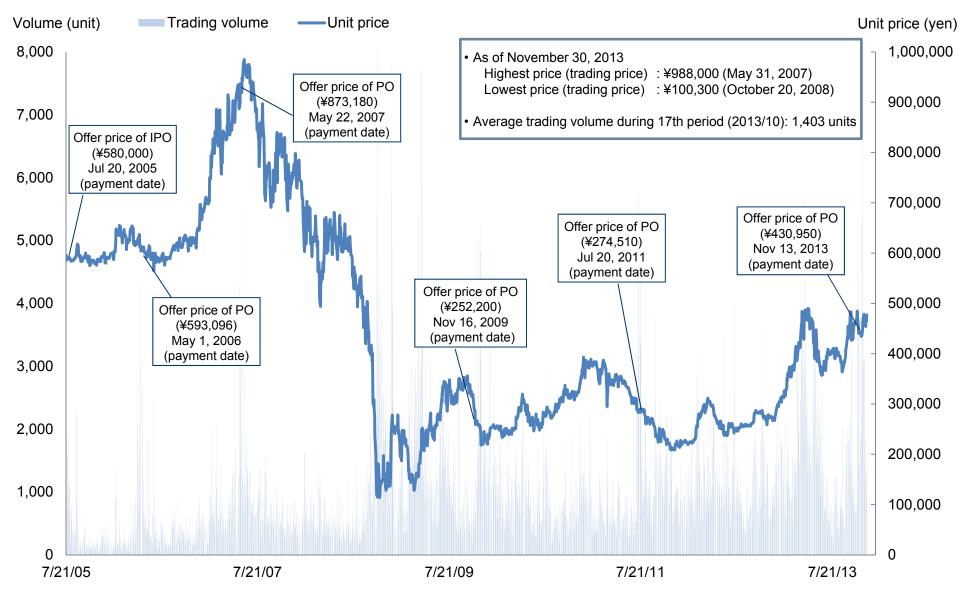
3. KDX Shin-Yokohama 381 Building (existing tower) and KDX Shin-Yokohama 381 Building Annex Tower are counted as one property.

4. For the properties newly acquired in the 17th period (2013/10), the appraisal values included in the relevant appraisal report obtained at the time of acquisition are considered as the appraisal values as of the 16th period (2013/4) in calculating the change in appraisal value (period-over-period).

Unit price and trading volume since IPO



KRI unit price and trading volume performance (from the listing to November 30, 2013)

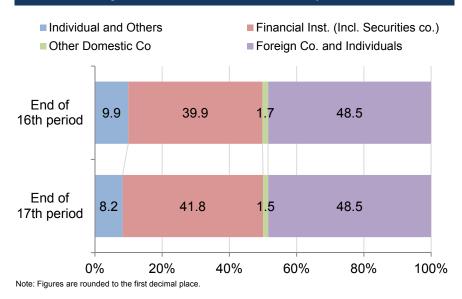


Note: Excluding trading volume that exceeds 8,000 units (2008/10/20:19,728 units)

KRI Unitholders (as of the end of the 17th period (2013/10))



Change in % share of investment units by unitholders



Top 10 unitholders

Name	# of units held (unit)	Percentage share (%) (Note 1)
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Acct.)	45,429	15.85
Trust and Custody Services Bank, Ltd. (Securities Investment Trust Acct.)	21,793	7.60
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Acct.)	19,244	6.71
The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. (Trust Acct.)	18,830	6.57
The Bank of NY Treaty JASDEC Account	10,828	3.77
State Street Bank and Trust Company (Note 2)	6,948	2.42
JP Morgan Chase & Co. 385174	6,820	2.38
State Street Bank and Trust Company (Note 3)	6,424	2.24
Nomura Bank (Luxembourg) S.A.	6,176	2.15
State Street Bank and Trust Company 505223	5,501	1.91
Total	147,993	51.64

Notes:

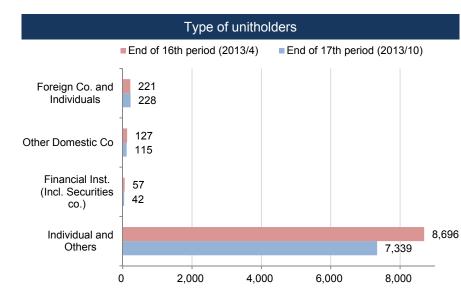
1. The percentage of total units owned to total units outstanding is rounded down to the second decimal place.

2. The standing proxy is Settlement & Clearing Services Division, Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.

3. The standing proxy is Custody department of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Tokyo Branch.

Reference: Reporting of major unitholders (as of the end of December 5, 2013)

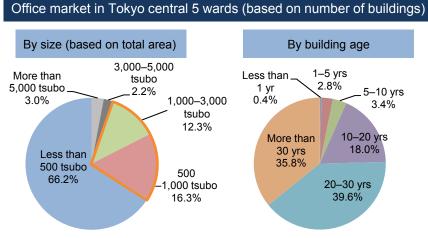
Name	Submitted on	# of units held (unit)
Mizuho Asset Management Co., Ltd.	2013/11/8	25,994
Mizuho Asset Management Co., Ltd.		12,540
Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.		286
Sinko Investment Trust Management Co., Ltd.		13,168
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	2013/12/5	19,834
The Sumitomo Trust Bank, Limited		742
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Asset Management		9,853
Nikko Asset Management Co., Ltd.		9,239
DIAM Co., Ltd.	2013/10/18	15,679
CBRE Clarion Securities LLC	2012/8/31	15,297
Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.	2013/4/5	14,366
Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.		384
NOMURA INTERNATIONAL PLC		938
Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd.		13,044



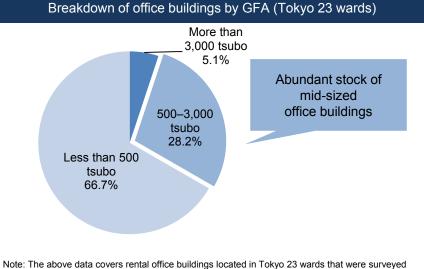
Mid-sized office building market



- Most abundant in terms of number of properties and potential tenants in Tokyo metropolitan area
- Relatively less rent volatile compared to large-sized buildings

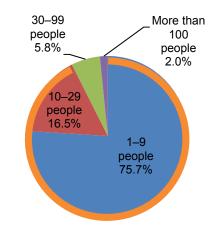


- Note: The above data covers rental office buildings located in Tokyo 23 wards that were surveyed by CB Richard Ellis Research Institute (as of 2011/3).
- Source: Survey conducted by CB Richard Ellis Research Institute based on KFM's request "Market survey of Medium-sized buildings (2011/5)"



- Note: The above data covers rental office buildings located in Tokyo 23 wards that were surveyed by CB Richard Ellis Research Institute. The above data may not include the data of all properties in the Tokyo 23 wards (as of 2011/3).
- Source: Survey conducted by CB Richard Ellis Research Institute based on KFM's request "Market survey of Medium-sized buildings" (2011/5)

Breakdown of office buildings by a number of employees (Tokyo)



Source: Created by KFM based on "2009 Economic census-basic survey for Tokyo"

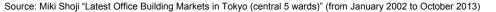


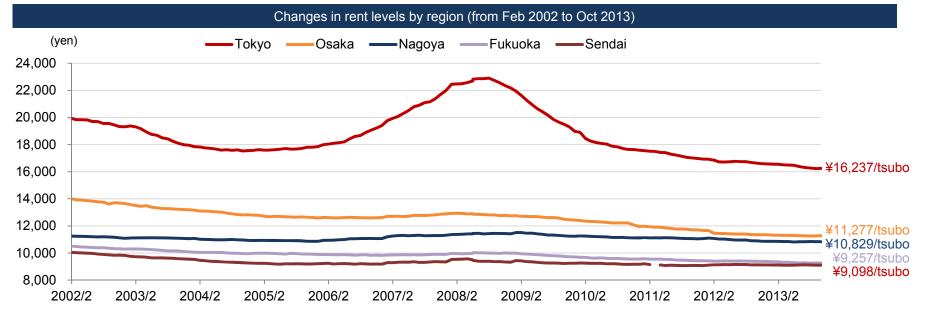
Source: Created by KFM based on the data compiled by CB Richard Ellis Research Institute (starting from March 2000 (=100) the latest value as of September, 2013)

Reference data 1









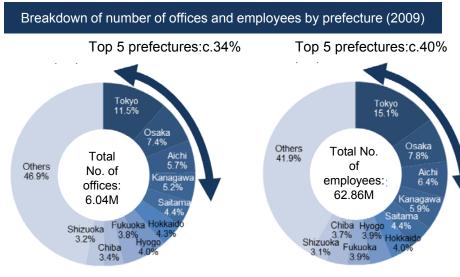
Note: Rent data of business districts and its sub areas. Tokyo covers office buildings with standard floor area over 100 tsubo in central Tokyo (Chiyoda, Chuo, Minato, Shinjuku and Shibuya) Source: Created by KFM based on the data compiled by Miki Shoji (from February 2002 to October 2013)

Reference data 2

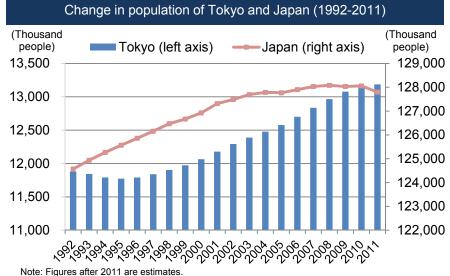


Economic foundations etc. of Tokyo								
	Japan	ipan Tokyo						
Gross Production (Nominal GDP)	¥474,040.2 bn	¥85,201.6 bn (#1 in Japan: 17.8%)	FY 2009					
# of offices	6,040,000	690,000 (#1 in Japan: 11.5%)	July 1, 2009					
# of employees	62.86 mn	9.52 mn (#1 in Japan)	July 1, 2009					
Total population	127.79 mn	13.18 mn (#1 in Japan)	Oct 1, 2011					
Population of productive age (15–64 years old)	81.03 mn	8.85 mn (#1 in Japan: 10.9%)	Oct 1, 2010					

Source: National Census and "Kurashi to toukei 2012 (Life and statistics 2012)" on the Tokyo metropolitan government website.

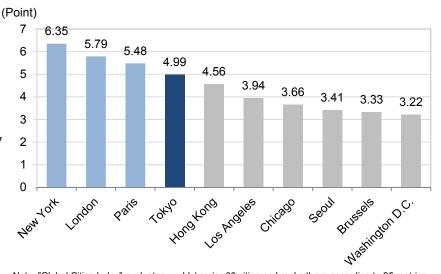


Note: Data of top 10 prefectures listed in each chart. Source: MIAC, Statistics Bureau "2009 Economic census-basic survey" (June, 2011)



Source: "Change in population 1872---2012(Tokyo and Japan)"", Bureau of General Affairs, Tokyo Metropolitan Government

Global Cities Index (A.T. Kearney Global Cities Index (2012))



Note: "Global Cities Index" evaluates worlds' major 66 cities and ranks them according to 25 metrics across five dimensions: "Business activity" (30%), "Human capital" (30%), "Information exchange" (15%), "Cultural experience" (15%), and "Political engagement" (10%). Source: 2012 Global Cities Index and Emerging Cities Outlook

Management structure of Asset Management Company



			Decision-r	making process				
Proposal	Preview		Deliberation and	I Resolution	Deliberation and Resolution	Report		
Each Department of each Fund Division	Compliance Officer (Common)		Complia Commit (Commo	tee	Asset Management Committee (each Fund Division)	Board of Directors (Common)		
Constituent men	Constituent members of Decision Making Body Asset management company's management fee structure							
	Compli Comm		AM committee KRI Fund Division)	Asset management fees				
CEO and President	•)	,	Management fee I	0.15% of total assets			
Compliance Officer Director (full-time))		Management fee II	3.0% of distributable amount ea	3.0% of distributable amount each fiscal period		
KRI General Manager of Fund Div.			•	Acquisition fee	0.5% of acquisition price (0.25% if interested parties)			
General Manger of Investment Man Dept. KRI Fund Division	nagement		•	Disposition fee Capped at 0.5% of sale price		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
General Manger of Property Mana	gement		•	Disposition ree Capped at 0.5% of sale price				
Dept. KRI Fund Division General Manager of Planning Dep	t.			Property management fees				
KRI FundDivision General Manager of Finance & Acc Dept.			•	Rental management fee	2% of rent revenues + 2% of operating revenues from the property (after deducting operating expenses and before deducting depreciation)			
External member (lawyer)				Management	Amount determined in proportion to the acquisition/sale			
External member (real estate appraiser) (Note) (New)				transfer fee price (e.g. $\pm 1-3$ bn $\rightarrow \pm 2$ mn, $\pm 5-10$ bn $\rightarrow \pm 2.4$ mn)				
Note: Certain proposals such as borrowings do not require attendance of external members (real estate appraiser) Rules on transactions with interested parties				Construction supervision fee	Amount determined in proportion to the construction cost (e.g. \pm 1-5 mn \rightarrow 5%, \pm 10-100mn \rightarrow \pm 450,000+3%)			
Asset acquisition Must not acquire properties for more than appraisal value (except for the case of warehousing)								

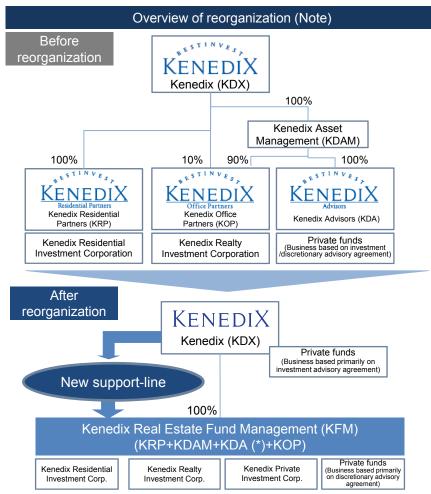
- Asset disposal Must not sell properties for less than appraisal value

Reorganization of Kenedix Group



Purpose of reorganization

- Consolidate the real estate asset management know-how throughout the Group
- Increase the asset management capability and competitiveness of the Kenedix Group by strategically strengthening the resources deployed in the acquisition and management of real estate investment targets
- Build up a structure that contributes to the benefit of our client investors by reinforcing our internal management systems
- Improve the efficiency of the asset management operations within the Kenedix Group



Overview of preferential study rights for property information

For office buildings (Note 1) which are KRI's main investment targets, KRI Fund Division of KFM will have the first opportunity to consider an acquisition if the following conditions are satisfied:

Loc	ation	Floor area per building (m ²)					
Tokyo 2	23 wards	More than 2,000, less than 13,000					
Outside Tol	kyo 23 wards	More than 3,000, less than 20,000					
	KDR Fund Div.	KRI Fund Div.	KPI Fund Div.	Private Fund Div.			
	Kenedix Residential Investment Corp.	Kenedix Realty Investment Corp.	Kenedix Private Investment Corp.	Private funds			
Mid-sized office buildings	-	1st Priority	2nd	3rd			
Other office buildings	-	2nd	1st Priority	3rd			
Residential properties (Note 2)	1st Priority	-	2nd	3rd			
Central urban retail properties	-	2nd	1st Priority	3rd			
Other retail properties	-	-	1st Priority	2nd			
Hotel	-	-	1st Priority	2nd			

Notes:

1. Office building refers to properties where floor area for office use is the largest share of total floor area based on floor area use in accordance with the Building Standards Law.

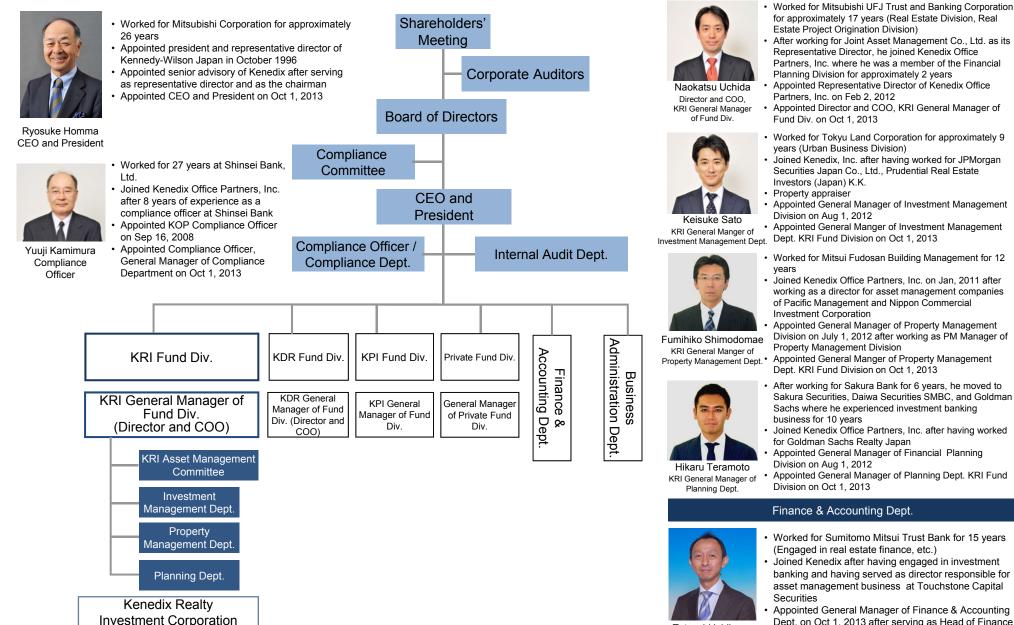
 Specifically for properties with GFA below 20,000m² for Tokyo 23 ward and below 30,000m² for outside of Tokyo 23 wards.

Note: Before reorganization and after organization refer to July 10, 2013 and December 1, 2013 respectively.

Organization chart



Organization chart



KRI Fund Div. Key members



- business for 10 years · Joined Kenedix Office Partners, Inc. after having worked for Goldman Sachs Realty Japan
- Division on Aug 1, 2012

Division on Oct 1, 2013

Finance & Accounting Dept.



Tetsushi Ichikawa General Manager of Finance & Accounting Dept.

- Planning Division for approximately 2 years Appointed Representative Director of Kenedix Office Partners. Inc. on Feb 2, 2012
- Appointed Director and COO, KRI General Manager of Fund Div. on Oct 1, 2013
- Worked for Tokyu Land Corporation for approximately 9 years (Urban Business Division)
- · Joined Kenedix, Inc. after having worked for JPMorgan Securities Japan Co., Ltd., Prudential Real Estate Investors (Japan) K.K.
- Property appraiser
- Appointed General Manager of Investment Management Division on Aug 1, 2012

Appointed General Manger of Investment Management

- · Worked for Mitsui Fudosan Building Management for 12 · Joined Kenedix Office Partners, Inc. on Jan, 2011 after
- working as a director for asset management companies of Pacific Management and Nippon Commercial Investment Corporation
- Appointed General Manager of Property Management Division on July 1, 2012 after working as PM Manager of Property Management Division
- Property Management Dept. Appointed General Manger of Property Management Dept. KRI Fund Division on Oct 1, 2013
 - · After working for Sakura Bank for 6 years, he moved to Sakura Securities, Daiwa Securities SMBC, and Goldman Sachs where he experienced investment banking

 - Appointed General Manager of Financial Planning

Appointed General Manager of Planning Dept. KRI Fund



- Joined Kenedix after having engaged in investment banking and having served as director responsible for asset management business at Touchstone Capital
- Appointed General Manager of Finance & Accounting Dept. on Oct 1, 2013 after serving as Head of Finance Group for Kenedix Residential Partners 50

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Revised editions of our annual reports will be posted on our website (http://www.kdx-reit.com/) if there should be major corrections going forward.